The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XI. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1899. NO. 9

Our Furnishing Goods are going in great shape. Shows that they are about the right stuff. Oh! Our

STRAW HATS

are in and they are Fine Fancy Bands, Black and Blue Bands. Prices from

25 CENTS

up. A full line of

Children's, Boys' and Men's.

Also, just received a new line of

Shirts, Ties, Washable Ascots, 25c

They are beauts.

Ask to see the newest collar on the market JUTINA. It is a dandy.

Our tailoring department is complete. Lots of suitings to make a selection from. We have been doing lots of work in this department. Everybody pleased with our work. No misfits. Come in and look over our line of samples. We can save you money.

Suits from $9.50 to $40.00
Trousers from $2.50 to $10.00
Fit Guaranteed.

Joe S. Miller, In the Diamond.
Huntingdon.

Attractive Offerings For Careful Buyers.

OPENING of our Regular Spring Trade with a stock that has beauty and excellence, Our assortment of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
SPRING HATS,

Groceries. Hardware, Oils, Paints, Lime, Wall Paper, Fish and everything found in an Up-to-Date Country Store is now ready—complete in every sense of the word.

Every Day a Bargain Day.

Be a friend to your purse by buying your goods from

J. O. HEATON,
Cassville, Penn'a.

Ready

WITH MY BIG BARGAINS.

Above me stands no competing stocks;
Below me lie no competing prices.

I will commence with
I will continue with
I will end with
} BARGAINS.

Fine goods and plenty of them. All the leading and representative styles in

Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Fine Shoes.

Every department full of new novelties, rich in quality and style.

You will be Sure to Find What You Want

Our aim—To keep the best;
Our ambition—To please our trade.
Our principle—Fair dealing; one price—the lowest.

My Welcome Word for All—

..... *Bargains* .....

J. C. Hazlett,

402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
OF HUNTINGDON.
No. 113 Fourth St.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.
H. B. BRUMBAUGH, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier,

DIRECTORS.

J. C. Hazlett, E. M. Greene, R. J. Mattern, K. A. Lovell and H. B. Brumbaugh.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Pomona Grange meets to-day at McAlevy's Fort.

—Mrs. Dr. Spangler is visiting her parents at Warriorsmark.

—H. D. Robison last week moved from Mapleton to Altoona.

—Dr. B. E. Himes, of Altoona, was a recent visitor to Mapleton.

—Miss McPherran, of Pittsburg, is the guest of J. G. Hicks' family.

—Daniel Mansbarger, of Calvin, was a caller at the ITEM office last Friday.

—L. C. Corbin and wife, of Juniata township, were Sunday visitors to Mapleton.

—Five-cent dress plaids, 5c good yellow muslin at W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—L. L. Parker, foreman of the ITEM, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Altoona.

—Misses Emma and Julia Chilcott, of Coltax, spent last Saturday with Levi Wright's family.

—Mrs. W. H. Mounts and Mrs. K. Isenberg spent yesterday with friends near Lewistown.

—A memorial sermon will be preached in the M. E. church next Sunday morning at 10.15 o'clock.

—Prof. J. G. Zerby, of Clearfield, called upon a number of his Mapleton friends last Saturday.

—FOR SALE—A lady's white coat. Good as new. For particulars call on Mrs. James H. Hooper.

—The ladies aid society of the U. B. church will sell ice cream at Hetrick's rooms next Saturday evening.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—For clothing, hats, caps, shoes, shirts, etc., it will save you money to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—For dress goods, plaids, henriettas, ginghams, muslins, etc., it will pay you to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—A. W. Brenneman and wife, of Porter township, were in town Saturday on their way to visit friends in Union township.

—Thornton Isenberg, wife and daughter, of Martinsburg, were guests of W. H. Mounts' family during a portion of the past week.

—David Shore departed this morning for Alexannria where he is employed in making repairs to the Hatfield mill. Mr. Shore is a good mechanic.

—J. E. Dysart had the toes of his right foot mashed last Friday by getting them under the wheels of a truck at the Mapleton Sand Company's quarry.

—Joseph Ross, living near the Juniata sand works, died Saturday morning. The funeral services were conducted in the Mill Creek M. E. church by Rev. H. Treverton Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

—B. F. Slates last week departed for Braddock where he is employed at the carpenter trade. Mr. Slates was a useful man in this community and we hope he may find occasion to return at an early date.

—Mapleton has many strangers within her borders in attendance at the Y. P. C. U. convention in the U. B. church. A cordial welcome to all. May you have a pleasant and profitable convention.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Gillam, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Gillam, A. W. Swope, Miss Annie Lamberson and Walter Lamberson were the Mapleton people who viewed the Knights Templar parade at Altoona yesterday.

—I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have used all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found one remedy that has been a snccess as a cure, and that is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.—P. E. GRISHAM, Gaars Mills, La. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—Go to W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, for timothy and clover seed.

—Rev. Elmer E. Hench, brother of Mrs. Treverton, sojourned for a short time Friday and Saturday at the M. E. parsonage. Mr. Hench was on his way to Walsonburg, Colorado, where he will take charge of a Presbyterian congregation.

—Aceording to reports current from Washington, postmasters will be required by the department to wear a uniform hereafter consisting of light blue trousers with a red braid running down the legs, and a skull cap with a silver star in front.

—At the election for captain and second lieutenant of Company A, Fifth Regiment, N. G. P., held at Huntingdon on the 22nd inst., Captain John S. Bare was unanimonsly re-elected and Harry J. Goodman was elected second lieutenant. The election was conducted by Colonel Theo. Burchfield. Captain Bare is the senior captain of the regiment and will be a candidate for major at the coming election for that position.

—Tuesday of last week, May 16th, a very pleasant gathering of family friends convened at the home of our friend, W. P. Grissinger, in Clay township, to witness the marriage of his daughter, Myrtie J., to Wilson O. Fields, of the same township. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. R. Dillen, of Three Springs. The ITEM joins their many friends in wishing the happy couple a prosperous voyage on the sea of life.

—On Sunday Hon. James North, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Patterson, Juniata county, passed to his reward at the age of 81 years. He was not only well known in the vicinity in which he lived but also throughout the Juniata valley, as an honorable and upright man. He was a member of the Presbyterian church of Mifflin. There are these surviving children: Caleb, of Washington, D. C.; Herman, of Bradford; Washington, of Patterson; Mrs. Jacobs, of Patterson, and Mrs. Cryder, of Bellefonte.

—At adjourned court Monday Judge Bailey, in a learned opinion, disposed of the reasons presented for a new trial for Joseph Morrison, convicted of the murder at Belleville of Harry Dougherty, concluding that the prisoner had received a fair trial and that the evidence justified the verdict, and a new trial was accordingly refused. When called up for sentence Morrison made a brief statement that he had not been justly convicted, most of his remarks being inaudible. Judge Bailey earnestly commended him to seek divine mercy, and then with all in the court room standing in solemn silence the sentence of death was passed upon the prisoner. Judge Bailey showed how deeply he was impressed with the sad duty devolving upon him. The prisoner seemed also impressed with the seriousness of the situation, but maintained his composure to a remarkable degree.

—The annual meeting of the Juniata Valley Editorial Association was held at McVeytown last Friday and was attended by nineteen members of the fraternity. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, H. C. Dern; Vice Pres., I. N. Swope; Secretary and Treasurer, E. Conrad; Executive Committee, W. W. Trout, George Shrom and B. E. Morrison. It was decided that the summer outing be held in connection with the August meeting at Altoona. After the transaction of business a feast was set before the hungry fellows at the Mattawanna House and they apparently enjoyed the "quarterly fill-up." Dinner being over carriages were in waiting to convey the party to the industries and business stands of the busy town. Messrs. Macklin, Stevenson and Wilson, who constituted the entertainment committee, as well as the people of the town merit the thanks of the scribes for the courtesies extended. It was indeed a delightful occasion.

Proceedings E. L. Convention.

The program of the Fifth Anniversary Convention of the Cassville Charge Epworth League held at Pine Grove (Colfax) appointment Saturday, May 13th, being carried out as follows, proved a very successful and beneficial meeting.

The address of welcome by Miss Grace Crotsley was well rendered and gave at length the historical points of League work from its origin. The response by Mr. Wilbur M. Heaton, representing Cassville League, was short and masterful in thought and reflects great credit upon one of his years.

The topic, "How can our young people be interested in Devotional service," was ably discussed by Miss Bertha Coder, Mr. J. C. Shaffer and others.

Question Box. Questions were interesting and well discussed in general.

Adjournment.

At 2 o'clock devotional services were conducted by A. W. Wright, of Colfax; 2.15 song service; 2.30 topic, "The advantages of the League in the Literary department" were given by Mrs. N. Q. Wright, Prof. Sam Glasgow and Miss Ettie Pheasant. Miss Pheasant dwelt at length upon her subject and took in a wide scope of literary truth which all may do well to practice. Hers was an ideal literary summit to which all, if they will, may climb.

At 3 o'clock paper by Miss Mary Hamilton, of Cassville. Topic, "League work in the community," was indeed a literary treat. Miss Hamilton was unable to be present and the paper was read by Miss Mame J. Meminger, now of Cassville, formerly of Tyrone. Miss Meminger's silvery voice and highly cultivated expression and pronunciation of speech added much interest to the paper.

At 3.15 topic, "Pocket Measure," by Mrs. S. V. Heaton was supplied in her absence by her sister, Miss Meminger, singing a beautiful prayer song, "Abide with Me," accompanied by Miss Coder, of Calvin. The song was a Contralto and difficult to render.

At 3.30 address by Rev. J. F. Glass, topic "Why I am a Methodist," told in clear, ringing tones his logical and Biblical reasons of his subject, much to the instruction and edifying of all present.

At 7.30 song service.

At 8 o'clock address topic, "Patriotism," by Rev. C. W. Bryner was one of praise. Love of country, loyalty and truth were impressed upon his hearers.

At 8.15 song, "America."

At 8.20 installation of officers; collection.

At 8.30 benediction by Rev. Glass, and this closed a day of religious instruction and entertainment. ***.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever that ran into Pheumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. O'Connor & Sons' store; every bottle guaranteed.

Political Announcement.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
Huntingdon. SAMUEL I. SPYKER.

Bismark's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c. at B. O'Connor & Sons' store.

—Oliver Colgate, one of Shirley township's enterprising farmers, met with an accident on Tuesday that might have caused his death. While driving one of his spirited horses in a spring wagon on his way to Mount Union, one front wheel being weak struck some obstacle in the road causing it to collapse without a minute's warning, throwing Mr. Colgate out over the dash headlong, other than suffering pretty severe pain in his breast was apparently but little hurt. He was certainly very fortunate as he is a man 65 years of age and weighs more than 200 pounds.—*News.*

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers. Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

Memorial Day, 1899.

Following is the program for the observance of Memorial Day at Mapleton, May 30, 1899:

At 8.45 A. M., the Sunday schools will form at their respective churches, and the orders and band will form at Rex's hall. At 9 A. M., the band will move and the procession will be formed.

On arriving at the cemetery the Band, Schools and I. O. O. F. will halt outside the enclosure and open ranks, and the Post and Camp will march through, receiving the flowers. The Schools and I. O. O. F. will close ranks and follow the Camp into the cemetery, forming on the Camp's left. Band will take their position inside and on the left of the cemetery gate. The usual exercises at the cemetery will be observed.

At the conclusion of the exercises in the U. B. cemetery, the procession will again form and march to Mountain View cemetery where services will be held and an address made by Rev. Campbell.

A special service will be held at Riverside Park in the afternoon. The Band, Post and Camp will form at the hall promptly at 1.30 and move at once to the Park, where addresses will be made by Revs. Treverton, Woodward and Campbell.

A. M. PARKER,
A. BRUMBAUGH,
S. P. STUBBS,
Committee.

Capt. Charles Mitchell Post No. 521, Dept. of Pennsylvania G. A. R., Cassville, Pa., will decorate by special detail in the following order: Sheridan cemetery, 9.00 A. M.; Wright's cemetery, 10.00 A. M., detail in charge of Com. Henry Quarry, aid-de-camp on Dept. staff, and Com. Henry Bumgardner; Baptist cemetery, 10.30 A. M., detail in charge of Post Commanders J. C. Shaffer and J. M. Harbaugh; Newberg cemetery, 10.00 A. M., detail in charge of K. P. Baker; Bowman's cemetery, 9.30 A. M., detail in charge of Com. Ephraim Dell. An oration will be delivered by Rev. Milton Wright.

At 2.30 P. M. the Post will form in front of Post hall, in Cassville, and march to the cemetery and after the usual services there will be an address by prominent speaker. All orders of P. O. S. of A., Odd Fellows, the Calvin Cornet Band, Hare's Valley Drum Corps and all good citizens are especially invited to participate. The Sabbath schools are expected to furnish the usual amount of flowers.

Rev. James Fish will preach a memorial sermon in the Cassville M. P. church Sunday morning, May 28th, at 10.30 o'clock. It is to be hoped that every member of the Grand Army and all other soldiers will be present at this service.

EPHRAIM DELL, Commander.
J. M. WILSON, Adjutant.

—Many old soldiers now feel the effects of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson, of Rossville, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, "and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for one dozen bottles." Mr. Anderson wanted it both for his own use and to supply it to his friends and neighbors, as every family should have a bottle of it in their home, not only for rheumatism, but lame back, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage.

L. C. CORBIN,
9-28-98. tf Huntingdon, Pa

Lane's Family Medicine.
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Only one per cent. of the population of India know the alphabet.

"He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for perfect happiness comes with good health

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Try Grain-O!
Try Grain-O!

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee.

The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee.

15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee
Looks like Coffee

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O
Accept no imitation.

The Moccasin in the Forest.

In autumn, when all the leaves and twigs are dry as tinder, a man wearing shoes makes a noise in the forest like a troop of cavalry; but in moccasins he can move swiftly through the woods with the stealth of a panther. The feet are not bruised, for, after enjoying for a time the freedom of natural covering, these hitherto blundering members become like hands, and feel their way through the dark like those of a cat, avoiding obstacles as though gifted with a special sense. Best of all, the moccasin is light. Inexperienced sportsmen and soldiers affect high-topped lace boots with heavy soles and hobnails, imagining that these are the most serviceable for rough wear. But these boots weigh between four and five pounds, while a pair of thick moose-hide moccasins weigh only eleven ounces. In marching ten miles a man wearing the clumsy boots lifts twenty tons more shoe leather than if he wore moccasins.—Harper's Magazine.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.
Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough a once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

A spider can live ten months without food.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?
It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

"Hamlet" has made more money than any other play in the English language.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Malden, Mass., celebrates this year the 250th anniversary of its founding.

Daily Service Between Baltimore and Richmond, "York River Line."
Steamers will leave the pier of York River Line, Baltimore, every afternoon after arrival of train from New York and the east reaching West Point the following morning Connection made with special boat train over the Southern Railway, which makes the run to Richmond in an hour and twenty minutes The steamers are of the most modern build and the cuisine has no equal—for which the Chesapeake service is noted. Full particulars, rates and state room accommodations address Alex. S. Thweatt, Eastern Pass. Agt. 271 Broadway, New York.

In 1897 Hangkow, China, exported 3,250,000 fans.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O

The first steam calliope made its appearance in Albany in 1858.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A frog cannot breathe with its mouth open.

Marriage Increasing in England.

Great Britain is flourishing. The sure test is the marriage record shown in the Registrar General's annual report just issued, in which it appears that the rate is higher than it has been in twenty-one years. The Registrar points out that a marriage rate usually keeps in close touch with the value of British exports and imports, and the price of wheat. Up goes trade, and up goes the marriage rate! Not exactly romantic, but eminently practical. It seems that widowers have been in greater demand than widows, for 98 out 100 of the men married in the course of the year were widowers, whereas only 69 out of 1000 of the women who married were widows. Nearly half of the bachelors and spinsters were married between the ages of 21 and 25. The favored age for the re-marriage of widows and widowers was between 35 and 40. In one out of every 100 of the marriages, husband and wife could neither read nor write, and signed the certificate with their mark.—New York Press.

HOME duties to many women seem more important than health.

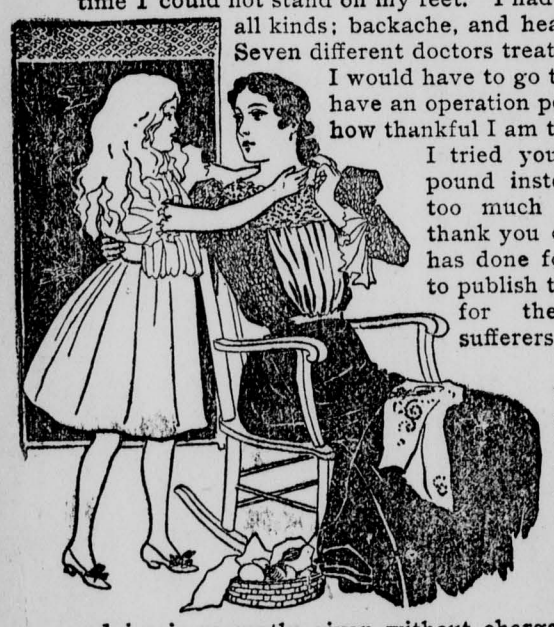
No matter how ill they feel, they drag themselves through the daily tasks and pile up trouble.

This is heroic but a penalty has to be paid.

WOMAN'S DEVOTION TO HOME

A woman in New Matamoras, Ohio, MRS. ISABELL BRADFIELD, tells in the following letter how she fought with disease of the feminine organs until finally forced to take to her bed. She says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write to you to tell you that I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and think there is no medicine in the world like it. I suffered for nine years, and sometimes for twelve weeks at a time I could not stand on my feet. I had female troubles of all kinds; backache, and headache all the time. Seven different doctors treated me. Some said I would have to go to the hospital and have an operation performed. But oh! how thankful I am that I did not, that I tried your Vegetable Compound instead. I cannot say too much in its praise, nor thank you enough for what it has done for me. I want you to publish this in all the papers for the good of other sufferers."



The wives and mothers of America are given to overwork. Let them be wise in time and at the first indication of female trouble write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for her advice. This advice is promptly given without charge.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, advising and helping by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

"He that Works Easily Works Successfully." 'Tis very Easy to Clean House with

SAPOLIO

DEWEY SAILS FOR HOME.

His Departure From Manila Attended by Enthusiastic Farewells.

CAPTAIN WALKER ALSO RETURNS

Cannons Thundered Salutes, Bands Played and Sailors Cheered Their Departing Comrades as Admiral Dewey Sailed Away—British Cruiser Powerful Joined in the Farewells—The Admiral's Plans

MANILA (By Cable).—The cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, has left here for Hong Kong on the homeward journey to the United States. As she steamed away the Oregon, Baltimore and Concord fired an Admiral's salute. At the first shot the band on the flagship played a lively air, and her whiteclad sailors crowded the decks and gave a tremendous cheer.

When the Olympia passed the Oregon the crew of that battleship gave nine cheers for the Olympians, who responded by throwing their caps so high that dozens of them were left bobbing in the wake of the cruiser. Then followed the noisiest half hour known in this harbor since the battle which linked its name with that of Dewey. The din of guns and brass bands echoed through the smoke; a fleet of steam launches shrieked their whistles; the musicians of the Baltimore played "Home, Sweet Home," her flags signaled "Goodbye," and those of the Oregon said "Pleasant voyage."

The merchant vessels in these waters dipped their flags; the ladies on the decks of the vessels of the fleet waved handkerchiefs, and the great, black British cruiser Powerful, which lay the furthest out, saluted the Olympia. The latter's band played "God Save the Queen," and to this the crew of the Powerful responded with hearty cheers for the Olympia. The last music heard from Admiral Dewey's ship was "Auld Lang Syne," while the guns from the forts at Cavite and from the Monterey, on guard off Paranaque, too far to be audible, puffed white clouds of smoke. The Olympia was disappearing past Corregidor Island when a battery before the walled city spoke Manila's last word of farewell.

Admiral Dewey is enthusiastic over his homegoing, but when mention was made of the welcome to be extended to him he said he appreciated the friendship of his countrymen deeply, but hoped they would not be too demonstrative. He intends to go directly to his home at Montpelier, Vt., and live there.

Walker, of the Concord, the last of the commanders in battle here, went to the Admiral and said: "Don't leave me behind." So he was relieved, and goes home on the Olympia.

CUBAN DISPUTE SETTLED.

President McKinley Approves of General Brooke's Plan of Disarmament.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Immediately after his return to Washington President McKinley had a conference with Secretary Alger, the result of which was that the Secretary cabled directions to Major-General Brooke at Havana to proceed immediately with the distribution of the $3,000,000 furnished by the United States for the payment of the Cuban Army on condition that it surrender its arms and disband. This marks the end of the embarrassment arising from the negotiations between General Brooke and General Maximo Gomez, which threatened at one time to prove serious.

General Brooke's plan, approved by the President and the Secretary of War, is in substance as follows:

The arms are to be surrendered to the Alcaldes in the presence of United States officers designated by General Brooke, and not directly to these officers, as originally directed by the President. The Alcaldes are then to turn over the arms to the American representatives and representatives of the Cuban army and they are to be shipped under guard to Havana and Santiago, where they are to be placed in United States armories. At the armories they will be under the immediate care of armorers appointed by General Gomez, and are to be exhibited as relics of the Cuban insurrection and Spanish-American War. In this way the Cubans will have a proprietary interest in the weapons and will be charged with their preservation, while the American authorities will be in practical possession of them.

STEAMSHIP PARIS GOES AGROUND.

American Liner Wrecked Near the Manacles, Off the England Coast.

FALMOUTH, England (By Cable).—The American Line steamer, Paris, Captain Watkins, from Southampton and Cherbourg, for New York, went aground just off Lowland's Point, an outlying ridge of the Manacles, at a point half a mile from where the wrecked Atlantic Transport Liner Mohegan lies. The passengers, numbering 386, and the crew, were landed safely.

From the first there was no danger to those on board. Assistance was summoned by means of rockets. These were seen at Coverack, and a lifeboat with a crew of four put out proceeded to the stranded ship. Lifeboats and tugs were soon literally swarming around the vessel to render assistance. A majority of the passengers were taken to Falmouth.

When the vessel struck, the crew were summoned on deck. The passengers, upon appearing, were met at the companionway with comforting words and assurances of their safety. Exceptional coolness was shown on all sides, the stewards distributing coffee and stimulants to all who desired them.

DAWSON CITY IN ASHES.

Fire Wiped Out Three-Fourths of the Metropolis of the Klondike.

VICTORIA, B. C. (Special).—Dawson City has been destroyed by fire. Nothing is left of the centre of the Klondike metropolis save a heap of ashes. The burned area comprises three-fourths of the city, including everything on the water front.

Fortunately for the inhabitants the big warehouses of the Alaska Commercial and the North American Trading and Transportation companies escaped damage, and there is no fear of famine.

One hundred and eleven buildings, large and small, were consumed before the fire burned itself out, and the loss is estimated at between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000. There were no fatalities.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

W. W. Rockhill, who recently resigned the mission to Greece, Roumania and Servia, has returned here to assume the duties of director of the Bureau of American Republics.

Arthur A. Monroe, a substitute letter carrier in the city postoffice, committee suicide by inhaling illuminating gas. Despondency over failure to secure steady employment is the supposed cause.

The Navy Department has been notified that the Spanish Government has postponed the opening of bids for the purchase of the steel floating dry dock at Havana from May 31 to June 9, and that the opening will take place in Madrid, and not in Havana.

Assistant Secretary Spaulding has held that Japanese seamen may land in the United States without the examination required in the case of manifested immigrants. This decision overrules that of the Collector of Customs at Port Townsend, Wash.

Major John A. Logan, Assistant Adjutant-General of Volunteers, has tendered his resignation and has been honorably discharged. Major Logan was on General Bates's staff in the Santiago campaign, and served with that General until the latter's departure for the Philippines.

Before the Industrial Commission Attorney-General Monnett, of Ohio, detailed the Standard Oil Company's methods and declared that all trusts depended for final success upon railroad discrimination.

Lieutenant William M. Crose, inspector of equipment for the battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky at the shipyards at Newport News, Va., has been appointed Flag Secretary to Admiral Watson, who is to succeed Admiral Dewey.

In the case of Rafael Ortiz, a native of Porto Rico, who was found guilty of the murder of Private John Burke, Company C, Forty-seventh New York, at Caguas, Porto Rico, on February 24, and whose sentence of death was communicated to imprisonment for life, the President has directed that he be confined in the Minnesota State prison at Stillwater.

The Comptroller of the Currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Ten per cent., the First National Bank of Ithaca, Mich.; five per cent., the Consolidated Nation Bank of San Diego, Cal.; five per cent., the Union National Bank of Denver, Col.

General Brooke, commanding at Havana, Cuba, has informed the War Department that First Lieutenant Harry Whitney, Second Infantry, died of typhoid at Cienfuegos.

Domestic.

Official notice has been received at Las Vegas, N. M., from Lieutenant J. D. Carter, of Prescott, A. T., Secretary of the Society of Rough Riders, to the effect that the first annual reunion will be held there on June 24. Governor Roosevelt and staff will be present. Free entertainment will be given all Rough Riders.

While plowing on his farm, seven miles north of Merrill, Mich., John Fitzmorris, twenty-eight years old, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. His team was also killed, and his younger brother, who was standing by, was knocked down but not seriously injured.

Thomas Davies, formerly a jeweler, has filed a petition in bankruptcy at Chicago. Liabilities, $221,900; no assets.

James A. Clemmer was hanged a few days ago in the Montgomery County Jail, Penn., for the murder of Mrs. Emma P. Kaiser. He went to his death bravely, and made no statement on the gallows. Neither Clemmer's wife nor any of his relatives were present.

Governor Stanley, of Kansas, has announced that he would try the conditional pardon plan on the better grade of prisoners in the penitentiary. The condition will be that the person released shall not drink, gamble or loaf.

Mrs. Sarah Newberry, of Yankee Springs Township, Mich., seventy-five years old, was assaulted a few days ago and killed.

Lucy Bullock, of Richmond, Va., is dead at the reputed age of 111 years. She was the mother of eight children, the oldest of whom is now in her seventy-fifth year. She could recall the excitement of the war of 1812, but had no personal recollections of Washington.

J. C. Butler, living eighteen miles south of Bentonville, Ark., has been lodged in jail at that place, charged with the murder of his daughter, fifteen years old. The girl was butchered horribly, her head being split open with an ax and her throat cut.

E. F. Bogert, former postmaster of Wilkesbarre, Penn., was arrested a few days ago, charged with embezzling money belonging to the Government.

William Macdove, aged seventeen, was killed by lightning at Brooksville, Penn. He had sought shelter from the storm in a shed, lightning struck it a moment later.

A fatal fight was fought at Hancock's Mill, Ga., between John Letter on one side and James Morris and George McLeod on the other, apparently without provocation. After the smoke had cleared away Letter was found killed, McLeod mortally wounded, and Tom Bowmans, a negro who had been standing in range, dangerously wounded in neck.

An experiment is to be tried by the Board of Education, of Westfield, N. J., in the appointment of an auxiliary board of women to assist in the conduct of the public schools of the place. The following have been appointed to the committee: Mrs. Howard MacDougall, Mrs. Paul Phillip, Mrs. Salter Clark, Mrs. Alfred Rea and Mrs. Edgar R. Pearsall.

Warren Brown, twenty-three years old, of Waltham, Mass., was thrown from his bicycle through his rear wheel being struck by an unknown rider. He suffered concussion of the brain, and died two hours after being taken to his home.

Foreign.

The New Zealand Agricultural Department has arranged that meat intended for export shall be stamped by the veterinary officers of the department.

The Government House at Victoria, B. C., known as Carey Castle, one of the oldest buildings in British Columbia, and the home of the English Governors in the crown colony days, was destroyed by fire a few days ago. The McInnes family jewels were lost, as well as a large box of state papers, which it will be impossible to replace.

Maria Mershwizka, a woman of noble birth, has been found guilty at St. Petersburg, Russia, of poisoning her sweetheart and two women, owing to jealousy; with kidnapping a child, and with forging documents and bills of exchange. She was sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude in Siberia, and to be deprived of her title of nobility.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has gone from London to Skibo Castle, his country seat in Scotland, to avoid the army of persons who are importuning him for subscriptions to all sorts of objects.

Origin of the Elevator.

The elevator originated in central Europe. The earliest mention of the elevator is made in a letter of Napoleon I., addressed to his wife, the Archduchess Maria Louise. He writes to her that, when in Schoenbrunn, then the summer residence of the Austrian emperor, near Vienna, he used the "chaise volante" (flying chair) in that castle, which had been constructed for Empress Maria Theresa. It consisted of a small, square room, sumptuously furnished with hangings of red silk, and suspended by strong ropes with counter-weights, so that it could be pulled up or let down with great ease in a shaft built for the purpose about 1760.

Mistress (engaging cook)—"There's one thing I am very particular about. I cannot on any account allow you to entertain policemen in the kitchen." Cook—"You may be quite shore I wouldn't do sich a thing, mum. I can't a-bear p'leecemen, mum. Father was a sosherlist!"—Punch.

Medical Book Free.
"Know Thyself," a book for men only, regular price 50 cents, will be sent free (sealed and postpaid) to any male reader of this paper mentioning this advertisement. Address the Peabody Medical Institute, 4 Bulfinch st., Boston, Mass., the oldest and best institution of its kind in New England. Write to-day for free book.

Austria-Hungary has a forest area of about 47,000,000 acres.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Australia is capable of supporting at least 10,000,000 inhabitants.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. LOTZ, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

Germany has never had a battle on the sea and the Spaniards never won one.

Danger ahead signalled by cough averted. Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.
Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one Minute.

Fifty years ago the population of the United States was about 22,000,000.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

During the last six months of 1898 the total immigration to this country was 125,283.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

The United States consumes more coffee than the whole of Europe.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Only one man in every 203 is over six feet in height.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable CASCARETS and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them, to every one. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family." EDW A. MARX, Albany, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 321

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

FILIPINO CAPITAL TAKEN

Lawton's Advance Guard, Under Summers, Captures San Isidro.

FLEEING INSURGENTS PURSUED.

Rebels Lose Many Men—Major Kobbe's Force Sent to Join General Lawton—Many Natives Returning to Towns Within the American Lines—Cultivation of Rice Fields Resumed.

MANILA (By Cable).—General Lawton's advance guard, under Colonel Summers, of the Oregon troops, has taken San Isidro, the insurgent capital.

Colonel Summers's command, consisting of the Twenty-second Infantry on the left, the Minnesota regiment in the centre and the Oregon and North Dakota regiments on the right, preceded by scouts and accompanied by Scott's battery, advanced from Baluarte at daylight. The troops first encountered the enemy two miles from San Isidro, the rebels retiring when the artillery opened fire. Just outside the town a rebel force, estimated to number two thousand men, was intrenched. It made a slight resistance, but evacuated its position when the American troops turned its right flank.

The enemy's loss was fifteen men killed and twenty wounded. The United States troops also captured three prisoners and many rifles. On the American side, one soldier of the Oregon regiment and one of the Minnesota regiment were slightly wounded.

After capturing the town Colonel Summers's troops continued their advance, pursuing the retreating rebels for several miles.

The expedition under Major Kobbe, of the Third Regiment, consisting of the Seventeenth Infantry, a battalion of the Ninth and one battery of the First Artillery, left Calumpit at daybreak, marching up the Rio Grande to join General Lawton's division at Arayat. A flotilla of cascoes loaded with supplies also proceeded up the river. Both forces were convoyed by the "tinclad" Army gunboats, under Captain Grant.

Although the rebels still threaten San Fernando in considerable force, large numbers of natives, a majority of them being families with their household goods, are returning daily to the towns inside the American lines, at Apalit especially.

Many of the richer Filipinos are coming to Manila, and laborers are resuming work in the rice fields. The latter show their respect for American sovereignty by removing their hats to the passing trains.

Owing to the bad condition of the roads, the work of repairing the railroad is being actively pushed. All the broken bridges have been trestled, and only a few excavations remain to be filled up. Trains will will be running through to San Fernando in a few days. The only natives there are some Filipinos from Macabebe, who are trading with our soldiers.

The army gunboat Napindan has returned here from the lake, having been disabled by a cannon shot from the rebels near Santa Cruz. Her rudder-post was broken.

Aguinaldo's ex-secretary, Escamillo, who who was arrested here on February 23, is now employed as official interpreter by the authorities.

MARCHAND REACHES JIBOUTIL.

He Arrives at the End of His Long Journey Across Africa.

JIBOUTIL, East Coast of Africa (By Cable).—Major Marchand, the French explorer, who has just crossed Africa from the Atlantic Coast, has arrived here. The in-

MAJOR J. B. MARCHAND.

signia of Commander of the Legion of Honor was handed to him on board the French second-class cruiser D'Assas, without any ceremony worth noting.

NEGRO MURDERER AT BAY.

He Kills One Policeman and Wounds Another in Maryland.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Humphrey Taylor, a negro suspected of the Rosenstein murder at Slidell, Md., shot and killed Police Sergeant Fritz Passaug wounded Policeman Gow, and kept a posse of half a dozen officers at bay from the loft of a house nearly two hours. Dozens of shots were exchanged between the officers and the fugitive, who only surrendered when preparations were made to burn the house.

When questioned by the police in regard to the Rosenstein murder the prisoner became much confused in his replies, and told half a dozen different stories. He said that a man named Brown had committed the murder, and that he waited on the outside and kept watch, receiving $60 from Brown. On searching the house the police found $192 and a gold watch and chain where he had secreted them. He had a diamond ring and a small sum of money on his person. His conflicting stories as to his movements and where he obtained the money led the police to believe he is the man the Maryland authorities are looking for. It is probable, however, that he will be detained by the district authorities and tried for the murder of Sergeant Passau.

THE DEWEY HOME FUND.

Invitation to Send Contributions to the Committee in Washington.

It is Proposed to Present Him With a Handsome Residence For His Distinguished Services.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The committee in charge of the plans for raising a fund for Admiral Dewey has issued this statement:

"NATIONAL DEWEY COMMITTEE,
"WASHINGTON, D. C.

"The American people are anxious to do honor to Admiral Dewey. Their zeal has taken the form of invitations to banquets in many different cities, of celebrations, parades and displays. Obviously it will be impossible for him to attend all the banquets, and it may be invidious to select one or a few for the honor of his presence. The common sense of our countrymen does not find suitable expression for its admiration and esteem for our great naval hero in methods effervescent and transient.

"A grateful nation cannot do better than provide liberally for Admiral Dewey's comfort in a home fitted to his tastes, worthy in some measure of his services are indicative in a small degree of the gratitude which is not of a day, but of all time. A popular subscription will afford all the privilege to join in a testimonial in which patriotism will have a monument.

"The career of Admiral Dewey is a part of our national history, a glorious chapter in the magnificent record of the recent war with Spain. Not in our country alone, but in all the world, his name is emblazoned with those that shall not die. His services all know in part; the future will add to appreciation of his greatness, to the solidity and brilliancy of his fame.

"On his return from the scene of his victories and his statesmanship the official duties of Admiral Dewey will be performed in Washington. He should have a home there. The national capital cannot fail to have attractions for him in the present and the future. For a winter residence during his life he can hardly find a more desirable place. It is for a home for Admiral Dewey in Washington that subscriptions are invited.

"Suggestions to this general effect have been put forth in several quarters. Assurances have been conveyed to the undersigned that the general enthusiasm can be directed into a single current through their agency as a national committee. Each of us, busy with manifold occupations, accepts as a duty not to be set aside the task of organizing the popular munificence for this purpsse and of administering the patriotic trust for a Dewey Home Fund.

"Subscriptions may be sent at once to the treasurer of this fund at the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C. Temporary receipts will be promptly returned, and as soon it can be prepared a duplicate of the same date and number, bearing a fine portrait of Admiral Dewey, will be forwarded to every subscriber.

"Immediate response will enable the National Committee to convey to Admiral Dewey, as soon as he lands, practical evidence that the American people have provided for him a home at the nation's capital.

"The committee invites the newspapers of the country and the Governors of all States to co-operate in this movement.

"FRANK A. VANDERLIP, Chairman.
"CHARLES H. ALLEN.
"HENRY C. CORBIN.
"PERRY S. HEATH.
"ELLIS H. ROBERTS,
Treasurer of the Fund."

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON SAILS.

Before His Departure He Pays Dewey a Handsome Tribute.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Among the passengers on the American liner St. Paul which sailed for Southampton, was ex President Harrison, who is to be the legal representative of Venezuela at the meeting of the Boundary Commission in Paris in June. Mr. Harrison was accompanied by his wife and baby. He expects the boundary dispute between England and Venezuela will be settled within the next few months.

Speaking of the reception promised Admiral Dewey on his return, the ex-President among other things said: "The things which Dewey has done and the things which he has left undone since that memorable May day have made him as great a diplomat as he is a fighter. He is the great hero of the Spanish-American war, and deserves all the praise which the people of the American Nation can give him. He not only destroyed Spain's power, but kept would-be meddlers from making it a triangular fight."

FATAL TORNADO IN IOWA.

Several Persons Killed and Much Damage Done.

MANCHESTER, Iowa (Special).—A disastrous tornado swept over the vicinity of Colesburg, Delaware County, twenty miles northeast of this city, doing great damage. Three persons were killed and many others injured. The town is fifteen miles from a railroad and details are meagre, but the following are known to have been killed: George Lang, Jerome Jacobs and a child named Tupper.

Mr. and Mrs. Ridenous are seriously injured, and two Tupper children will die. The storm also did great damage in the vicinity of Littleport and along the Turkey River. The Kennedy schoolhouse and the farmhouses of Messrs. Wilsey, Krimple, Shepherd, Cole and Page were destroyed. A tenant on the Cole place was killed. Walter Shepherd and child are among the dead and others of the family were injured

DR. EDWARD E. HALE RESIGNS.

Relinquishes His Pastorate in Boston After Forty-Three Years' Service.

BOSTON (Special).—The Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale has resigned his pastorate of the South Congregational Church after a service of forty-three years.

The resignation came in the form of a letter addressed to the Standing Committee and proprietors of the church. Dr. Hale said in the letter that he had begun to realize that the church needed a man who could serve as minister as well as preacher. The letter contains many expressions of love for the people among whom Dr. Hale has worked for so many years.

Dr. Hale has for many years occupied one of the foremost places in the Unitarian denomination in the whole country, not only as a preacher, but also as a writer.

The Uses of Zinc.

The largest consumers of zinc are the manufacturers of galvanized iron work. Then come the brass founders, for zinc is an important element in brass alloys, and large quantities are used in the sheet form and as an element in galvanic batteries. Zinc is put under stoves and is used to line bathtubs.

Great quantities of the ore are used also to make zinc white, or zinc oxide, for paint, but this is made direct from the ores and is not materially affected by the present rise of values, the zinc oxide having gone up only about half a cent a pound in price. Of this the United States imported at one time about 30,000 barrels a year. Now we can export it as we do the metal and ore. Our exports of the ore were only 48,000 pounds in 1895, but last year rose to 21,040,000 pounds, while our exports of pig rose in the same period from about 3,000,000 pounds to 21,000,000.—New York Sun.

America's greatest physicians have conquered La Grippe and its after effects. Their treatment has been thoroughly tested in the hospitals of Europe and of this country, and is embodied in Dr. Kay's Lung Balm.

Rev. H. B. Dye, of Morrison, Iowa, writes: "Mrs. Dye had a bad attack of La Grippe which settled on her lungs. She used Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, with most decided good effects, which is a repetition of past experience with her. Nothing is so prompt and positive in its effects on her lungs."

You should write for free advice and a copy of Dr. Kay's Home Treatment, an illustrated book of 116 pages of receipts, etc. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

Nearly 20,000 pounds of bread is daily eaten in the Sultan of Turkey's household.

Campbell's Malarial Specific.

Guaranteed cure for all Malarial diseases At all druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents J. B. CAMPBELL, Suffern, N. Y.

For every widower who marries a widow there are eleven who espouse maidens.

Bohemia's Strange Minerals.

Not far from Trebitsch, in Bohemia, are found many glassy-looking objects, of a bottle-green color, and tending, when unbroken, to an egg shape, to which the name moldavites has been given. Doctor Suess, of Vienna, from a recent study of these curious minerals, concludes that they are really meteorites, and should be added to the list of foreign bodies that have found their way to the earth's surface by falling from space.

IVORY SOAP PASTE.

In fifteen minutes, with only a cake of Ivory Soap and water, you can make a better cleansing paste than you can buy

Ivory Soap Paste will take spots from clothing; and will clean carpets, rugs, kid gloves, slippers, patent, enamel, russet leather and canvas shoes, leather belts, painted wood-work and furniture. The special value of Ivory Soap in this form arises from the fact that it can be used with a damp sponge or cloth to cleanse many articles that cannot be washed because they will not stand the free application of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING.—To one pint of boiling water add one and one-half ounces (one-quarter of the small size cake) of Ivory Soap cut into shavings, boil five minutes after the soap is thoroughly dissolved. Remove from the fire and cool in convenient dishes (not tin). It will keep well in an air-tight glass jar.

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One on Her Majesty.

The following story—for the truth of which, however, we are unable to vouch—is told of the Empress Frederick. When Her Majesty was last in England she purchased a quantity of very artistic wall-paper, which she had sent to her villa at Homburg. On showing some samples of it to her chamberlain she asked him where he thought they came from. "This piece," replied the chamberlain, "comes from Berlin, and the other from Magdeburg—'made in Germany,' your Majesty."—London Chronicle.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the Medicine of Auld Lang Syne

Old friends, old wine, and the old doctor are the trusty kinds. For half a century

AYER'S

has been the Sarsaparilla which the people have bought when they were sick and wanted to be cured. If the best is none too good for you, you will get Ayer's. One bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla contains the strength of three of the ordinary kind.

BOYS

Spalding's Athletic Library should be read by every boy who wants to become an athlete.

No. 4. Boxing.
No. 9. How to be an Athlete.
No. 26. How to play Foot Ball, by Walter Camp.
No. 27. College Athletics
No. 32. How to play Base Ball.
No. 37. All Around Athletics.
No. 42. How to Punch the Bag.
No. 82. How to Train.
No. 85. Official Foot Ball Guide.
No. 86. Official Basket Ball Guide.
No. 87. Athletic Primer.
No. 92. Official A. A. U. Rules.
No. 93. Athletic Records
No. 95. Official Base Ball Guide.
No. 100. How to be a Bicycle Champion.

PRICE, 10 CENTS PER COPY.

Send for catalogue of all sports.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.
New York. Denver. Chicago.

Columbia

Hartford and Vedette BICYCLES.

These machines are acknowledged everywhere as leaders. An excess of competition has not weakened their hold upon the public.

NEW MODELS.

Chainless,	$75
Columbia Chain	50
Hartfords,	35
Vedettes,	$25, 26

A limited number of Columbia, Models 45, 46 and 49 (improved) and Hartfords, Patterns 7 and 8, at greatly reduced prices.

SEE OUR CATALOGUE.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Liberal Compensation and Easy Work
DURING LEISURE HOURS FOR
Ladies, Boys and Girls.
WRITE HOME SUPPLY CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Happy Thoughts The greatest remedy for **MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER** Grippe and Liver Diseases. KNOWN ALL DRUGGISTS. **35c.** JOHNSON'S

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured Insanity Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
Positive cure for all *Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance.* No Fits or Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Ltd, Bellevue Institute of Medicine, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment, Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN REPLYING TO ADVTS. NYNU—21.

PILES—WHY SUFFER. Get a box of Birdsall's Guaranteed Pile Ointment. It gives instant relief and has real merit. 50 cents a box at druggists, or send to E. T. LAIDLEY, 76 Pike Street, Port Jervis, N. Y.

$5 Easily Made in 5 Hours daily following our plan of selling an article in constant use and demand. Write for particulars. ARCHIBALD & Co., 73 Nassau St., New York.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials.

RHEUMATISM CURED—Sample bottle, 4 days' treatment, postpaid, 10 cents. ALEXANDER REMEDY Co., 246 Greenwich St., N. Y.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican voters of Huntingdon County will meet at their respective polling places on

Saturday, June 10th, 1899,

between the hours of 5 and 8 p. m., to elect instructed delegates to represent them in the Republican County Convention, to be held in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Huntingdon, on

Tuesday, June 13th, 1899,

at 10 a. m., for the purpose of nominating

One candidate for Prothonotary.
One candidate for Register and Recorder.
One candidate for District Attorney.
One candidate for County Treasurer.
Two candidates for County Commissioner.
One candidate for Director of the Poor.
Two candidates for County Auditor.
Two candidates for delegates to the Republican State Convention.

Delegates to the County Convention will be elected by ballot.

Each candidate must report to the County Chairman and pay his assessment for expenses on or before Wednesday, May 31, 1899, otherwise his name cannot appear on the ticket, nor will he be eligible before the Convention. Candidates' names will be placed on the ticket in the order of their registration.

The representation will be as follows:

Alexandria	2	North Dublin	2
Ardenheim	2	North Porter	2
Barree	2	North Tell	2
Birmingham	2	Oneida	2
Broad Top City	2	Orbisonia	3
Carbon	2	Penn	2
Calvin	2	Petersburg	2
Cass	3	Puttstown	2
Cassville	2	Rockhill	2
Clay	2	Robertsdale	2
Coalmont	2	Saltillo	2
Cromwell	3	Shade Gap	2
Dudley	2	Shirleysburg	2
Franklin	2	Shirley	2
Grantsville	2	Smithfield	2
Greenwood Fur	2	South Brady	2
Henderson	2	South Dublin	2
Hill Valley	2	South Porter	3
Hopewell	2	South Tell	2
Hunt'gd'n 1st wd	3	Spruce Creek	2
2nd ward	4	Springfield	3
3d ward	4	Three Springs	2
4th ward	3	Tod	3
Jackson	2	Union	2
Juniata	2	Valley Point	2
Lincoln	2	Walker	2
Logan	3	Warriorsmark	4
Mapleton	3	West	2
Marklesburg	2		
Miller	2	Total	141
Morris	2		
Mount Union	3	Necessary to nominate	71
Mt. Union District	2		
North Brady	2		

C. C. BREWSTER, Secretary. HOWARD E. BUTZ, Chairman County Committee.

CASSVILLE.

The prospects for a large crop of apples, plums and grapes are good.

Wilson Bros. gave employment to some thirty or forty men this season in peeling bark on Broad Top.

C. B. Hissong, also J. L. Houck, have painted their residences, which adds very much to their appearance.

Mrs. Wm. Snyder is visiting in Altoona and Johnstown where she has a son living in the former and a daughter in the latter place.

"Doc" Crotsley can say, Hello, louder than any other man on the Eagle Foundry telephone line, and all because it's a little daughter.

Those who had the pleasure of attending the surprise party at J. B. Houck's last Saturday report having had a good time.

Mrs. Mary E. Henderson came from Philadelphia a few days ago and will reside here during the summer. Some of the children will come later.

John M. Quarry and family have moved to Geo. M. Green's farm and are now residents of the borough. We welcome all good citizens to our little town.

E. B. Hissong, one of our potters, is building one of the latest and best improved kilns. Being a fine workman, and with improved machinery we look for some very artistic work.

"Hello, Barcus" of telephone fame, the chief in the office of the Saltillo Telephone Co., Ltd., yes, we know him, and with the patience of Job he is just the right man for the place. "Good bye."

Mrs. S. V. Heaton, one of the state organizers of the W. C. T. U., was sent to Jefferson, Forest and Allegheny counties where she has been for the past four weeks. She will return home this week.

We are informed that the young people of Latta Grove will render a play in the near future at the P. O. S. of A. hall called "The Confederate Spy." They have been rehearsing for some time and no doubt will be good. Let everybody go.

MILL CREEK.

Benj. Summers made a business trip to Petersburg on Tuesday.

W. H. Stonebraker attended the Knights Templar conclave at Altoona.

Mrs. Gheer, of Bellwood, is visiting Mrs. C. Wilson and other friends in our town.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church will hold a festival Saturday evening, the 27th.

Misses Mabel and Margaret Carothers, Margaret Fultz and Mollie Hall went to Altoona Monday to stay during the Knights Templar conclave.

The hail storm did considerable damage in this locality. The roof of Ellis Iddings' barn was blown off and the barn on the old Maley place belonging to Adam Gerloch was blown down. Plenty of fences were blown over and gardens cut up considerably.

Wm. Hall Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., expect to move into their new quarters soon. Their number has grown so that their present place of meeting (the room over the postoffice) is entirely too small. The new room is over Foust's store and is being fitted up in good style.

We have not heard of any arrangements being made yet for Memorial Day. With a patriotic organization and a number of soldiers, old and young, in our town we should have first class exercises on that day. Let us not put off the arrangements until the last moment, but make the day a success.

Whooping Cough.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house. —J. L. MOORE, South Burgettstown, Pa. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Whither Are We Going?

The proof of a path is its end. He is wise who looks to the conclusion of the road he is following. Many a flowered path leads to a precipice. The broad way, to the shortsighted eye, at times seems fairer than the way that is straight and narrow. But the end tests. To what end are we going?—William T. Ellis.

—It makes no difference how bad the wound if you use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; it will quickly heal and leave no scar. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

—Some of the results of neglected dyspeptic conditions of the stomach are cancer, consumption, heart disease and epilepsy. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure prevents all this by effecting a quick cure in all cases of dyspepsia. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

The Windows of the Soul.

They have very little in this world, but a great deal in the next. They take short views of this life, but long views of the life to come. They have the knack of setting open the windows of their souls for the Sun of Righteousness to stream in.—Theodore L. Cuyler, D. D.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25cts. per box. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

DR. CADY'S CONDITION POWDERS, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

—AT—

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of the late W. H. Rex, deceased, offers at private sale the real estate of the late deceased. This property is all in the Borough of Mapleton, is free from incumbrance of any kind, is well located, and those desiring comfortable homes could make no better investment. It is more economical to buy a home than to pay rent.

No. 1. A lot of ground at junction of Chestnut and Main streets on which formerly stood the mansion house and store room of the late deceased. Well of good water, stone sufficient in walls for building several foundations, outbuildings, orchard and small fruits.

No. 2. House and lot on Main street known as the Brambaugh property, adjoining No. 1. Lot in good state of cultivation.

No. 3. House and lot on Main street, known as the Kyler property, adjoining No. 2. Large kitchen.

No. 5 House and lot on Grant street. New house, excellent lot extending through to alley. A very desirable home.

No. 6. House and lot on Spring street. Lot extends through to Gayton street.

No. 7. Double House and lot. Lot faces on Grant, Church and Spring streets.

All these properties have good drainage, are convenient to church and schools, and excepting No. 1, are occupied by tenants, and all are among the most desirable properties in Mapleton.

TERMS:—25 per cent. cash and the balance in three equal annual payments.

For further particulars call on or address,

JERE B. REX, Executor,
Huntingdon Pa.

Aug. 10 tf.

Not A New Concern exactly, but A New Departure.

Having moved to the M. L. Rex store room, near the depot, I announce to the people of Mapleton and vicinity that I purpose carrying a complete stock of

General Merchandise,

embracing dry goods, notions, boots, shoes, groceries and everything usually kept in a first class country store.

The Prices Talk.

I am not doing business for fun and do not sell for less than cost. I want a living out of the business but I will be satisfied with a living profit.

I Want You

to examine my goods and learn my prices, and you will find that the price does the talking.

All kinds of marketable

COUNTRY PRODUCE

taken in exchange for goods.

Give me a call.

W. H. Spangler,

Mapleton Depot, - - Pa.

The Appearance Of A Robin

is no indication that Spring is here but according to the almanac Spring was due March 21st.

We have received a large quantity of goods for Spring trade but you know we always have a choice stock. Our supply of

Dress Goods

is attractive and we will take pleasure in showing you these goods. We have the nicest stock of Notions, etc., in town.

Pure groceries, clean and fresh, the best of syrups meats, fish, canned goods, etc

There is not a more complete stock of

General Merchandise

than we carry.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Your trade solicited.

A. B. Gillam.

HAZLETT'S CLOTHING.

The very acme of the tailoring art is represented in our Spring and Summer Suits for men and Boys. Every little detail that goes to make a well made, stylish, durable suit, will be found throughout the entire stock. All the latest novelties are here in immense variety.

Men's Suits,

Handsomely tailored, blue Serges, blue, black and fancy figured Worsteds, solid and mixed Cheviots and Cassimeres. All that an up-to-date stock includes—$5 $6, $7.50, $10.00.

Boys' Long Pants Suits,

13 to 19 years. Stylish blue Serges and modest Plaids and Mixtures and unfinished Cheviots—$5, $6, $7.50, $10.00.

Boys' Short Pants Suits,

8 to 16 years. Blue, black, brown and pretty mixed patterns —$1.25, $2.00, $2.75 to $5.00.

Pretty Little Vestee and Reefer Suits,

3 to 8 years. Beautifully trimmed with fancy braid, and having nice, large Sailor Collars. The kind that gives that little man the dressy city look, at $1.50, $2.00, $2.75 to $5.00.

Spring Hats.

Men's Stiff Hats in the full and modified Spring Blocks; both brown and black, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00. Soft Hats in the fashionable creased tourist style, the flat-topped, half block and the various modified shapes, to suit the buyer's taste. Black, brown, light brown, drab, pearl and grey, 50c, $1, $2, $3.

Cool Negligee Shirts,

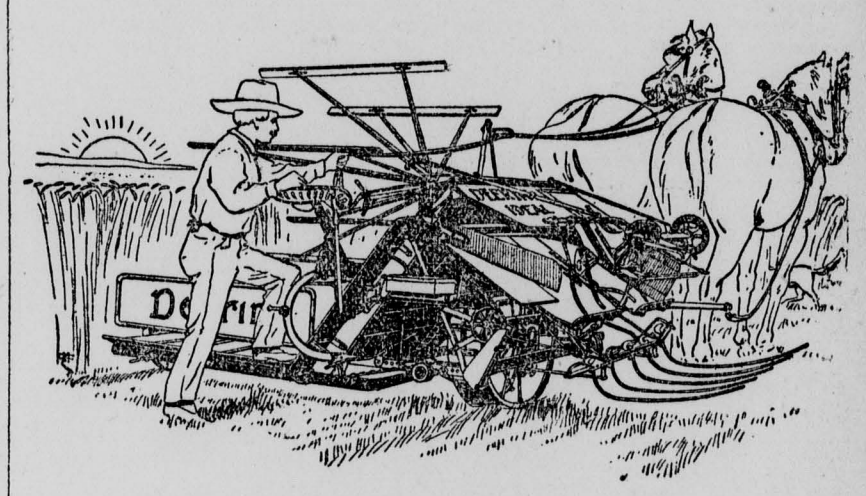
Just received a large shipment of those soft Summer Shirts. Some have the stylish Silk Bosoms, the very latest for the spring, at 50 cents. Some have a pair of cuffs and two collars, both detachable, at 50 cents; and the variety of stripes and patterns are here to suit the most fastidious.

Pretty Neckwear,

All that is new and novel in the stylish Imperials, Puffs and String Ties at 25c. and 50c. Wash Ties—pretty pattern, from 10c. per dozen to 10c. each.

☞ No question about you being pleased with your Goods and Prices.

W. W. HAZLETT, Clothier and Furnisher, 404 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.



DEERING LIGHT DRAFT IDEALS

The Standard of the World. Absolutely Modern.

Acme Wagons, with steel skein or tubular axles.

HENCH & DROMGOLD

Single and Double-Row Planters,

Riding and Walking Cultivators,

Spring-Tooth Harrows.

Plows. Two-Horse Chilled Furrow Plows for..... **$5.00 & Up.**

A FULL CAR LOAD

consisting of 25 different styles of Buggies, Spring Wagons, Surreys, &c., just received *which we fully guarantee.*

If you want a Cheap Buggy we can furnish you an open one for $22.00 or a top buggy for $28.00, not guaranteed.

Give us a call before buying.

STEVENS BROS., Three Springs, Penn'a.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., May 24, 1899.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 21, 1899.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	.....	9.00	2.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.30	7.00	8.50	12.25	4.35
Washington ...	10.40	.....	.....	7.55	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	.....	8.45	11.45	.....
	D'ly	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly
	A.M	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P.M.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.10	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.30	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	4.57	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.02	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.22	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1.49	.....	.....	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.03	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.22	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h	16.54	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3.12	2.40	6.59	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.18	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.35	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	2.00
	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06 Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58. p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly	D'ly.	D'ly.
	A.M.	A. M.	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittsburg.....	2.50	8.00		12.45	4.50
Altoona..... 4.40	7.15	11.40	2.05	5.50	9.05
Bellwood..... 4.52	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.04	9.19
Tyrone 5.01	7.48	12.03	2.35	6.20	9.33
Birmingham . 5.08	7.53	g	2.40	6.24	
Petersburg ... 5.25	8.17		3.03	6.47	
Huntingdon....5.37	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.00	10.12
Mapleton. 5.51	8.47		3.35	7.15	
Mt. Union.....5.56	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.21	10.32
N. Hamilton ...6.01	8.58		3.47	7.26	
McVeytown....6.17	9.15		4.08	7.44	
Lewiston Jc....6.38	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.06	11.16
Mifflin.....6.58	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.26	11.37
Port Royal.....7.02	9.59		5.00	8.31	
Thompsontown7.17	10.14		5.18	8.47	
Millerstown. ...7.26	10.22		5.28	8.57	
Newport 7.35	10.32	2.24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon.....8.00	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville 8.13	11.07	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville. 8.18	11.12		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....8.30	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50, Altoona 6.05, Tyrone 6.27, Huntingdon 6.57, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M.		A.M
Baltimore.....	11.55	*3.11	6.00	9.45			
Washington..	1.00	*4.10	7.15	10.55			
Phila.....11.48	11.52	*3.00	6.23	10.20			4.25
New York 2.13	2.23	*5.53	9.30	3.53			7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40p.m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.08; W. Twenty-third St. Station 8.20 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p.m., Washington 7.15 p.m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.--For Sunbury 7 50 A. M. and 3.40 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 7.55, 11.42 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 7.05 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue, and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Sept. 7, 1898.

NORTH. Irreg., No.5.	NORTH. P.M.	NORTH. Mail, No.3	NORTH. Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 4.	SOUTH. Irreg., No. 6.
a.m.	P.M.	a.m			A. M	p. m.	a. m.
7 48	12 50	6 20		Robertsdale	11 39	6 39	7 04
8 00	1 02	6 32		Cook's	11 24	6 27	6 54
8 12	1 14	6 44		Cole's	11 09	6 15	6 34
8 40	1 42	7 12		Saltillo	10 39	5 30	6 01
8 48	1 50	7 20		Three Springs	10 30	5 21	5 54
9 00	2 03	7 32		* Pogue	10 15	5 07	5 42
9 15	2 18	7 46		Rockhill	9 53	4 44	5 30
	2 35	8 01		Shirley	9 38	4 29	
	2 44	8 10		*Augh. Mills	9 30	4 21	
	3 06	8 32		Mount Union	9 15	4 06	
a. m.	p. m.	a.m			a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Springs 5.53, Pogue 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 p. m.

Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 2.20 p. m., Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Saltillo 2.51, Cole's 3.31, Cook's 3.43, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12.	WEST. Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No. 9	EAST Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 25	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 55
5 43	7 18	*Blacklog	6 37	5 02
5 35	7 10	*Cedar Rock	6 45	5 10
5 31	7 06	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 14
5 25	7 00	*Shade Gap Stair	6 55	5 20
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

—If you have piles, CURE them. No use undergoing horrible operations that simply remove the results of the disease without disturbing the disease itself. Place your confidence in DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It has never failed to cure OTHERS; it will not fail to cure YOU. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

A True Measure.

Giving according to ability is the true measure of liberality, and such persons are in condition to devise liberal things for the reason they are recognized as leaders in all benevolent movements, and these movements depend for their continuance upon liberally disposed people. A person may be willing and liberal, but brusque and distasteful; his gifts annoy more than comfort. —Philadelphia Methodist.

—J. D. Bridge, editor and proprietor of the Democrat, Lancaster, N. H., says: "I would not be without One Minute Cough Cure for my boy when troubled with a cough or cold. It is the best remedy for croup I ever used." A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

Pain, Failure and Shame.

There are certain great angels which meet us in the way of life. Pain is one, failure is another, shame is another. Pain looks us full in the eyes, and we must wrestle with him before he blesses us. Failure brings in his stern hand the peace of renunciation. Shame bears to us the sense of sin which is the knowledge of God. His hidden face shines with the mercy of heaven, and well for us if we may look into it.—Margaret Deland.

—By allowing the accumulations in the bowels to remain, the entire system is poisoned DeWitt's Little Early Risers regulate the bowels. Try them and you will always use them. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

—Don't think you can cure that slight attack of Dyspepsia by dieting, or that it will cure itself. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure WILL cure it; it "digests what you eat" and restores the digestive organs to health. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

The True Life.

That is the true life—the life of active employment, whatever be the work God has given you to do, and the station He has appointed you to fill. I repeat, the busy, active life is always the happy one.—Dr. Macduff.

—Pneumonia, la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping-cough readily yield to One Minute Cough Cure. Use this remedy in time and save a doctor's bill—or the undertaker's. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

—If you suffer from tenderness or fullness on the right side, pains under shoulder-blade, constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, and feel dull, heavy and sleepy your liver is torpid and congested. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will cure you promptly, pleasantly and permanently by removing the congestion and causing the bile ducts to open and flow naturally. THEY ARE GOOD PILLS. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure.
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

A Perfect Picture

That will be sure to please you at popular prices. Photographs of residences and other buildings Give me a call.

HENRY BUCHANAN,

Railroad Street,

MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.

Now for 1899.

You want to get in line with us for the coming season's business.

Investigate—

others are doing so—and have found that we furnish the right goods at the right price.

There is some satisfaction in knowing that you can buy your dry goods, notions, groceries, hardware, &c, from us for less money than by going abroad.

Your trade is solicited.

J. L. Houck,

Cassville, Pa.

AN OPEN LETTER.

MOUNT UNION, PA., May 22, 1899.

To the Republicans of Huntingdon County:

Through the urgency of personal friends and of tax-payers with whom I have been brought into official relations as County Commissioner, and by highly complimentary newspaper publications made in my behalf, many have been led to believe me to be a candidate for renomination. It is true that my regard and esteem for those who so ardently desire that I serve in the office another term was a strong inducement to comply with their wishes, and I therefore had the matter under consideration. But I have finally and definitely concluded not to avail myself of the support so generously tendered me, therefore I will not be a candidate.

The office of County Commissioner is not by custom in this county a two-term office; and I do not feel like asking that a change in the rule so long observed be made in my behalf. There are among the candidates, gentlemen well qualified to render efficient service to the tax-payers and the public, who are worthy Republicans and entitled to consideration at the hands of their party. It has not been my purpose at any time to press my candidacy for renomination, and it is not my desire now to stand in their way.

During my term in the office I have endeavored to keep the interests of the tax-payers always in view and to look only to the welfare of the public, whose servant I have been, and I have reason to believe that my colleagues and myself have kept the County expenditures down to the lowest practicable limit; and that in no respect have I or they intentionally neglected or violated our trust. There were times when our Board could not concede to unreasonable demands made on the office. But as a public officer I deemed it my duty to look after the best interests of my constituents.

To the many who have so freely tendered me their support for renomination I wish to return my sincere thanks, and am glad to be regarded as worthy of the confidence they repose in me.

Yours Respectfully,

A. S. WELCH.

LATTA GROVE.

An entertainment is billed for the P. O. S. of A. hall next Saturday evening.

Mrs. John Dougherty and children, of Ryde, were recent guests of Isaac Dell's family.

George D. Lynn and Robert Smith have taken a large contract for putting up fence.

Miss Clara I. Dell, who had been spending a few months at Harrisburg, has returned home.

The storm last week unroofed Howard Dell's stable and destroyed a number of fruit trees on Henry Stever's farm.

No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at B. O'Connor & Sons'.

GOOD OLD FASHIONED

CHARCOAL TIN

For Roofing and Spouting.

Having secured the exclusive sale of Gunney, McFarland & Co., Anti-pin-hole Tin, I now offer the people of Huntingdon and vicinity the only old fashioned Charcoal Tin sold in the United States. This Tin is made in Great Britain by the old process of 40 years ago and is fully guaranteed to be just as good as tin made at that time. If you need roofing or spouting call and let me explain the difference between this and the common tin and get my guarantee on same.

John Reynolds,

(Next door First National Bank.)

Huntingdon, Pa.

WILLIAM REED & SON. | WILLIAM REED & SON.

SUMMER NECESSARIES

keep our attention just now. For many months we've been making preparations for the hot days soon to come.

White is Queen for Summer.

Nothing so cool and pretty. Our white goods stock is most complete. We have

Pretty Sheer India Linons

at 5c. per yard and up to 50c. per yard. Import orders save about 10 per cent. in these goods. We also show beautiful lines of French Lawns. Persian Lawns and Organdi, with beautiful embroideries to match.

Our department of colored and fancy Lawns, Dimitics, Piques (plain and printed). will satisfy the most critical. This line is the most complete and most beautiful we have ever shown.

In Ready to Wear Garments

for hot days our stock is superb. Crash Skirts 35c. to $5.00 each. Pique Skirts 50c. to $5.00. We also have a big line of Pique, Duck and Crash Suits, handsomely trimmed and at wonderfully low prices.

Shirtwaists

in immense variety and prettiest designs, can be had here at prices consistent with rightly made goods. We have them in White Lawn with two rows of insertion down front for 75c. Better ones trimmed with tucks, cords and insertions at $1.00, $1.50 and $1.75. We have exclusive control of all these styles. You should see them.

Our Mail Order Customers should note that we prepay all charges of expressage or postage. If you have not tried this department do so now.

Wm Reed & Son,

Huntingdon, Pa.

J. G. Gillam's
Day-Light Store.

Just received the most complete line of

Ladies' Children's and Gents' **Shoes**

ever shown in this place. See them before purchasing elsewhere.

While our line of Carpets is not large, every piece is good value at the price named.

As usual, our Dry Goods Department is overflowing with bargains. In the Notion Department you will find anything you want.

No use to say anything about Groceries. That department is always full.

Fish season is here and we have them.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Give us a call.

John G. Gillam.

CLAY PARK,

Three Springs, = = = Pa.

Do You Want to Buy a Buggy or Wagon?

I have them either hand-made or factory, fitted out with Mather Dust-Proof Long Distance Axle.

A fine guaranteed top buggy at	**$35.00**
Open rigs (fully guaranteed) as low as	**24.00**
Two-seated spring wagons with top and brake	**55.00**
Three-seated wagons (hand-made) 2000 lbs. capacity	**75.00**

Columbia Farm Wagons, brake, double bed, spring seat, as follows:

One-Horse - - - - $28.00 to $38.00.
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☞ *I give a binding Two-year guarantee with every one of my hand-made buggies or wagons.*

Sewing machines (high grade)	**$16.50**
Washing machines	**2.75**
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Write for Price List on Implements.

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Mail orders receive prompt attention.

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DENTIST,

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—CARPET WEAVER.—

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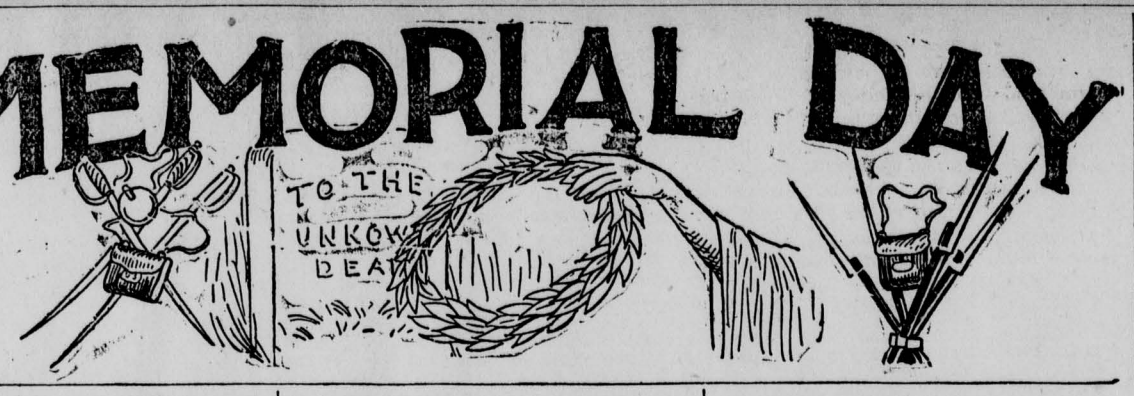
$1.00 per Year.

MEMORIAL DAY



The Veterans' Salute

Boom! Boom! Boom!
Once more the salutes ring out,
Like the ghost of a battle-shout,
That has wandered away from the bloody fray
With the enemy put to rout.
And the blue smoke settles, soft and slow,
As it did at Gettysburg, long ago,
When shoulder to shoulder, and hand to hand,
Those who are sleeping and those who stand
Fought for their native land.

Boom! Boom! Boom!
And the skies were as bright that day,
When they steadily marched away
In their manhood's might to fight for the right,
And as blue as they are to-day;
But the ranks are thin and the comrades few,
And the hand at the trigger trembles, too,
And their steps are slow, and their locks are gray,
Who fire salutes to-day.

Boom! Boom! Boom!
Over each grass-grown tomb,
Where the tender flowers make room
For the lowly bed of the honored dead,
And over their bosoms bloom.
And we carry our tribute of roses rare,
And gems of the meadow, and lay them there,
With chaplets of myrtle and wreaths of bay,
Over their hearts to-day.

MARY MORRISON.

THE SHARED GRAVE.

A Picture For Memorial Day.

BY MARY A. P. STANSBURY.

INWOOD'S old graveyard is not unlike many another which one may see along the New England countryside—a quiet, unfrequented spot, whose grassy carpet, spread softly over the thick-lying mounds, is fringed at the edges by the deeper tints of a hedge of evergreens.

It is, perhaps, a quarter of a century since the closely woven sod has been cut by the sexton's spade, except, at rare intervals, to give room to some belated wanderer, who, leaving no kindred behind him, has been fain to creep to the silent companionship of his ancestral graves. One may stray at will, fearless of intruding upon the expression of some private grief. Those who lie there have been so long gone that, to the young even of their own blood, they have become scarcely more than names, and if there still survive some contemporaries who loved them, the point of view of these has so shifted with the passing years that the sad, backward gaze of the mourner has become the hopeful onlook of the watcher for an immortal morning. Only for the babe, dead it may be, a hundred years, must the eye sometimes fill with gentle moisture as one wonders how angelic ministry can have quite compensated for the loss of the bitter-sweet of human love and pain!

It was the morning of the thirtieth of May, 189—. Here and there in the old graveyard, tiny flags had been planted, each marking the last tenting-place of some veteran soldier whose memory was to be publicly honored by the ceremonials of the afternoon.

Upon one of the mounds thus designated was standing a fair little girl dressed in white. Her eyes were large and blue, and waving masses of yellow hair fell about her shoulders, half veiling the delicate rose of her rounded cheeks. Around her on the grass was scattered a profusion of cut flowers mingled together without distinction of species or color. With the late daffodils and early roses, the purple pansies and spotless lilies-of-the-valley, the drifting lavender and white snowballs, were heaped buttercups and dandelions from the field

"A FAIR LITTLE GIRL DRESSED IN WHITE."

and dewy violets from the brookside.

The child's fingers were so busy with the blossoms that she did not notice the slow approach of light footsteps which hesitated and advanced by turns.

Suddenly, at the rustling of an eddy of brown last-year's leaves, she looked up to see another child standing a little apart and gazing at her with eager, wistful eyes. The face of the newcomer was jet-black, the clustering wool had been drawn tightly from her low forehead and tied in tiny braids with bits of bright ribbon, and her bare, dark feet and ankles showed below the skirt of her coarse blue stuff gown.

"Polly Williams!" cried the first child. "How still you must have come! Do you know that you almost frightened me? See! I am making a wreath for Grandpapa. Isn't it pretty?"

"It's right purty, Miss Marie. Yo've got a heap o' flowahs, ain't yo'?"

"We have so many in the garden, you know, and, besides, I got up early and gathered wild ones. I wanted the very prettiest I could find for Grandpapa, because he was such a good man and a brave soldier. I never saw him, of course, because he died a great while before I was born; but Grandmamma always tells me about him, and there's a picture of him—dressed all in his soldier clothes—so splendid! He was killed in the battle of Gettysburg"—the syllables followed each other with slow exactness—"when they were trying to keep a hill away from the enemy—'Round Top' was the name of the hill—and Grandpapa was a captain, and he was going right up in front of his men, and then, all at once, a ball struck him and he fell dead. The soldiers buried him there at first, but, after the war was over, Grandmamma and Uncle Joseph brought him back. See, Polly, his name on the stone!"

The two little heads, the black and the fair, touched each other as the children drew together tracing the few simple lines of a brave man's epitaph. Suddenly a sob broke the stillness—the eyes of the black child were drenched in tears.

"Why, Polly, what is the matter?" questioned Marie, anxiously. "Are you crying for my Grandpapa? I don't cry for him even my own self; for Grandmamma says that his soul went right up to heaven in a chariot of fire, just like Elijah in the Bible."

"I ain't cryin' along o' him, Miss Marie. It's somethin' else. I don' s'pose as you ever heard tell that my Gran'ther was a soldier, too?"

"Why, no, Polly! Was he, truly?"

"He 'listed in the Fifty-fourth. They was all cullud men, 'ceptin' the off'cers; an' young Marse Shaw, he was the cunnel. He was a beyutiful man, so gentle-like and kind-spoken, but not afraid of anything in this worl'. And the men they loved him so, they'd follow him anywhere. An' so, one day, when they was tryin' to take Fort Wagner, the cunnel he went ahaid, a callin' the men, with the guns firin' right in their faces. Gran'ther, he was jus' ahind the cunnel—there was a man as tole Granny about it—an' jus' the minute their feet touched the wall, there come a shot as struck 'em bof down. Lots of the other men was left daid all aroun', an' they was buried all in one big ditch togedder;

AT LITTLE ROUND TOP, GETTYSBURG.

an' de cunnel's folks—they was a high-toned white folks, too—they ain't never took his body away, 'cause they say they leave him where he want to lie, along wid his black boys."

Marie's eyes were flashing.

"O Polly! that was splendid! I can't understand why you cry. I should think you would be so proud and glad."

"I is, Miss Marie—I is proud and glad! It ain't that. But, don' yo' see? when Memorial Day comes roun' every year, an' all the folks is marching' an' the band a-playin', an' the chillen goin' aroun' the graveyard with flower-baskets—den I ain't got no grave!"

Marie's listening face grew strangely pitiful. The flowers dropped from her hands, and she cast her eyes thoughtfully upon the ground. Suddenly she raised them again, the brightness flashing like sunshine from behind a cloud.

"I know, Polly!" Her voice had a triumphant ring. "I've thought what to do. You shall stay right here with me. I've got more than enough flowers for a half-dozen wreaths. You shall make one for your Grandpapa, too, and I'll give you half of my grave!"

A look of wondering gratitude and delight shone from the black child's features, transfiguring them to some semblance of the inner beauty. Almost involuntarily the small, dusky arms and the rosy, dimpled ones wreathed themselves together, and the children—descendants respectively of the two races whose hearts' blood was mingled in the defense of the Republic, and children alike of Him who

"Chooses neither black nor white
To be promoted in the sky"—

kissed each other across the shared grave.—New York Independent.

HEROES
FOR THEM NO MORE THE CANNON'S ROAR,
THE RIOT OF CHARGE OR SALLY;
NO MORE THEY REEL FROM THE SHOCK OF STEEL
NOR THRILL WHEN THE DRUM BEATS "RALLY"!
LOW THEY LIE IN THE WARW EARTH'S BREAST,
BREATHE NOT OF WAR ABOVE THEM!
THEY CONQUERED PEACE AND A LAURELLED REST
AND THE WHOLE BROAD LAND TO LOVE THEM.

ORIGIN OF DECORATION DAY.

Many Claimants For the Honor of Inaugurating the Custom.

The custom of placing flowers on the graves of soldiers is of very great antiquity. One ancient writer mentions the fact that on the birthday of Alexander the Great certain Greeks in Alexandria were accustomed to visit his mausoleum and place flowers on the threshold. The custom of planting flowers on graves is of an antiquity almost as great, and has been practiced in all parts of Europe for many centuries. The practice being once established, a local application of it in particular cases was easy and natural. During the Civil War in this country the women of both North and South instituted a custom of going regularly on a certain day, generally about the 1st of May, to the cemeteries with bouquets for the graves of the soldiers who had been killed in battle. The intense devotion of the Southern women to the lost cause led them to continue this practice after the war had been ended, and little by little it became universal in this country. In 1869 General John A. Logan, then commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, announced May 30 as the day on which the graves of soldiers should be decorated. There is, however, a controversy about the fact of the custom originating in a particular locality, some claiming that it sprung up spontaneously in almost every section of the country at once, practice of planting flowers on graves, and, considering the universality of the custom, there is no reason to believe that the custom, as claimed by some, originated in or was peculiar to the South, even during the early days of the war.

An Eagle That Went to War.

Almost as famous as the President after whom he was named, "Old Abe," the great battle eagle of the war between the North and the South, still perches in the National Museum at

OLD ABE.

Washington, though he died seventeen years ago. The celebrated bird, of which the accompanying picture is a faithful likeness, is a bald eagle and was captured in Wisconsin in 1861. He was given to Company C of the Eighth Regiment of Wisconsin Volunteers. He went to the war with his regiment and was present in every battle in which the regiment fought—thirty-six in all. Old Abe was carried into battle on a perch beside the color-bearer, but would soon spread his wings and soar above the smoke and strife, hovering over his regiment and screaming at the top of his voice. When the battle was over he would return to his perch and rest contentedly. He was wounded several times, and on a number of occasions he rendered valuable services to the army by announcing the approach of the enemy long before the scouts had time to reach headquarters, it is said. After the war he was presented to the State of Wisconsin. He became the chief attraction of the national army reunion, and became, perhaps, the most famous bird in history. He died at the age of twenty as the result of injuries received in a fire.

"TAPS, LIGHTS OUT."

OUR POLICY IN CHINA.

The Government to Participate in the Empire's Dismemberment.

TO MAINTAIN TREATY RIGHTS.

America From Now on to Be a Factor in China—Will Oppose Any Action of the Powers Which May Abrogate Our Treaty Rights—The Policy Which Has Been Formulated at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—After years of waiting the United States is to become a factor in the future of China. Henceforth it will take part in any movement looking to the dismemberment of the Chinese Empire, and under certain conditions may demand a portion of the territory.

For the time it will do no more than watch developments and insist upon treaty rights wherever needed, but now that this step has been taken it is expected to develop by successive stages until finally the American eagle will stand with the English lion and the Russian bear, demanding its full share of the fertile Empire almost ripe for distribution among the powers of the world.

On authority it is positively asserted that the United States will protest vigorously against any scheme for partitioning China which does not distinctly guarantee treaty rights and commercial opportunities to her citizens.

Concessions asked for or given are not to be objected to, except where there may be a possibility that possession of the concession may be followed by an attempt to exercise sovereignty over the territory covered by such concession.

Any attempt of this sort is to be opposed by the United States. It has informed, semi-officially, the governments most interested in the attempt to parcel out the great Chinese domain of the attitude it will assume, and from two of them, Great Britain and Russia, has received direct assurances that no ulterior move prompts the efforts to secure concessions, and that the interests of this country are to be protected in any event.

But this assurance is not satisfactory. The State Department assumes the position that every movement in China is of interest to this country, and for the first time it has taken an advanced and positive stand. Henceforth the nations now engaged in the endeavor to parcel out the Chinese Empire will have to do the work with the understanding that this is to be the policy of the United States:

1. It will oppose any plan to wrest sovereignty from the reigning powers in China over any portion of the Empire unless the interests of this country are fully protected.

2. The treaty rights we have with China are to be upheld, and as cession of sovereignty abrogates existing treaties with China, the only way Great Britain and Russia could secure consent of the United States would be by promptly arranging new treaties guaranteeing the same rights it now has under Chinese rule.

3. The open door policy is to be insisted upon as the only guarantee that the growing commerce of this country will not be debarred from its prospective greatest market in the far East.

STORMS IN THE WEST.

Destroy Considerable Property and Injure Many Persons in Ohio.

AKRON, Ohio (Special). — A tornado struck this city a few days ago and did much damage. The storm struck the tents of Mann's circus and they collapsed upon the crowd. Policemen had hard work to prevent a panic, but the spectators were finally released without injury.

The shops of the Akron Sewer Pipe Company also suffered heavily. A portion, more than 150 feet square, of the main building was blown down, and three men were slightly injured. Other shops and buildings about the city were damaged more or less, and many trees were destroyed. Carriages were overturned in the street, and awnings were torn away.

CANAL FULTON, Ohio (Special).—In the storm which struck this place, the wall of a schoolhouse was blown in and nine pupils were injured, some of them seriously. Four scholars were buried beneath the debris of brick and wooden beams. They were extricated by the teacher.

TOLEDO, (Special).—One of the worst wind and rain storms in years was experienced in Toledo. Several small boats on the river were capsized. In the city a number of plate glass fronts were blown in, and other damage to a considerable amount done.

Several houses were unroofed at Tiffin, and at the France stone quarry a number of workmen were injured, Lewis Leslie being picked up by the wind and carried some distance.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis. (Special).—In a severe storm the house of Julius Bundt, at Augusta, was struck by lightning, and Bundt was killed.

CUBAN POVERTY DECREASING.

General Wood Reports Much Improved Conditions at Manzanillo.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—Major-General Leonard Wood, Military Governor of the Department of Santiago, has returned from Manzanillo, where he made a personal inspection of the prevailing conditions. He says that he found affairs progressing satisfactorily in all the places he visited. The people are beginning to work on the small plantations and poverty is rapidly decreasing. The country people say they have no fear of brigands, and that the reports of lawlessness are mainly sent out by Cubans who are antagonistic to the Americans. These reports have little or no foundation. General Wood was received everywhere with demonstrations of appreciation of the policy he has pursued regarding small municipalities.

Severe Storm in Pennsylvania.

A windstorm struck the country surrounding Altoona, Penn., a few days ago, doing severe damage. The Altoona Silk Mill, the Rhines Woodworking Mill and three residences were damaged, entailing a loss of $100,005. In Hollidaysburg, the county seat, the Court House, Presbyterian Church and a business block were partly destroyed. The cities of Johnstown, Tyrone and Huntington also suffered heavy losses.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: "You Can't Cheat God"—He Will Weigh Our Acts With Perfect Balances—Opportunities Measured Against Sins—Personal Responsibility For Errors.

[Copyright, Louis Klopsch, 1899.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In these days of moral awakening this pointed sermon by Dr. Talmage on personal responsibility before God will be read with a deep and solemn interest; text, Daniel v., 27. "Thou art weighed in the balance and found wanting."

Babylon was the paradise of architecture, and driven out from thence the grandest buildings of modern times are only the evidence of her fall. The site having been selected for the city, 2,000,000 men were employed in the rearing of her walls and the building of her works. It was a city sixty miles in circumference. There was a trench all around the city, from which the material for the building of the city had been digged. There were twenty-five gates on each side of the city; between every two gates a tower of defense springing into the skies; from each gate on the one side, a street running straight through to the corresponding gate on the other side, so that there were fifty streets fifteen miles long. Through the city ran a branch of the river Euphrates. This river sometimes overflowed its banks, and, to keep it from ruining the city, a lake was constructed into which the surplus water of the river would run during the time of freshets, and the water was kept in this artificial lake until time of drought, and then this water would stream down over the city. At either end of the bridge spanning this Euphrates there was a palace—the one palace a mile and a half around, the other palace seven and a half miles around.

The wife of Nebuchadnezzar had been born and brought up in the country, and in a mountainous region, and she could not bear this flat district of Babylon, and so, to please his wife, Nebuchadnezzar built in the midst of the city a mountain 400 feet high. This mountain was built out into terraces supported on arches. On the top of these arches a layer of flat stones, on the top of that a layer of reeds and bitumen, on the top of that two layers of bricks closely cemented, on the top of that a heavy sheet of lead, and on the top of that the soil placed—the soil so deep that a Lebanon cedar had room to anchor its roots. There were pumps worked by mighty machinery, fetching up the water from the Euphrates to this hanging garden, as it was called, so that there were fountains spouting into the sky. Standing below and looking up, it must have seemed as if the clouds were in blossom, or as though the sky leaned on the shoulder of a cedar. All this Nebuchadnezzar did to please his wife. Well, she ought to have been pleased. I suppose she was pleased. If that would not please her, nothing would. There was in that city also the temple of Belus, with towers—one tower the eighth of a mile high, in which there was an observatory where astronomers talked to the stars. There was in that temple an image, just one image, which would cost what would be our $50,000,000.

Oh, what a city! The earth never saw anything like it, never will see anything like it, and yet I have to tell you that it is going to be destroyed. The king and his princes are at a feast. They are all intoxicated. Pour out the rich wine into the chalices! Drink to the health of the king! Drink to the glory of Babylon! Drink to a great future! A thousand lords reel intoxicated. The king seated upon a chair, with vacant look, as intoxicated men will—with vacant look stared at the wall. But soon that vacant look takes on intensity, and it is an affrighted look, and all the princes begin to look and wonder what is the matter, and they look at the same point on the wall, and then there drops a darkness into the room that puts out the blaze of the golden plate, and out of the sleeve of the darkness there comes a finger—a finger of the fiery terror circling around and circling around as though it would write, and then it comes up and with sharp tip of flame it inscribes on the plastering on the wall the doom of the king: "Weighed in the balances and found wanting." The bang of heavy fists against the gates of the palace is followed by the breaking in of the doors. A thousand gleaming knives strike into 1000 quivering hearts. Now death is king, and he is seated on a throne of corpses. In that hall there is a balance lifted. God swung it. On one side of the balance are put Belshazzar's opportunities, on the other side of the balance are put Belshazzar's sins. The sins come down. His opportunities go up. Weighed in the balances—found wanting.

There has been a great deal of cheating in our country with false weights and measures and balances, and the Government, to change that state of things, appointed Commissioners, whose business it was to stamp weights and measures and balances, and a great deal of the wrong has been corrected. But still, after all, there is no such thing as a perfect balance on earth. The chain may break or some of the metal may be clipped or in some way the equipoise may be disturbed. You cannot always depend upon earthly balances. A pound is not always a pound, and you may pay for one thing and get another, but, in the balance which is suspended to the throne of God, a pound is a pound and right is right and wrong is wrong and a soul is a soul and eternity is eternity. God has a perfect bushel and a perfect peck and a perfect gallon. When merchants weigh their goods in the wrong way, then the Lord weighs the goods again. If from the imperfect measure the merchant pours out what pretends to be a gallon of oil, and there is less than a gallon, God knows it, and He calls upon His recording angel to mark it, "So much wanting in that measure of oil." The farmer comes in from the country. He has apples to sell. He has an imperfect measure. He pours out the apples from this imperfect measure. God recognizes it. He says to the recording angel, "Mark down so many apples too few—an imperfect measure." We may cheat ourselves, and we may cheat the world, but we cannot cheat God, and in the great day of judgment it will be found out that what we learned in boyhood at school is correct; that twenty hundredweight makes a ton, and 120 solid feet make a cord of wood. No more, no less, and a religion which does not take hold of this life, as well as the life to come, is no religion at all.

But, my friends, that is not the style of balances I am to speak of to-day; that is not the kind of weights and measures. I am to speak of that kind of balances which weigh principles, weigh churches, weigh men, weigh nations and weigh worlds. "What!" you say. "Is it possible that our world is to be weighed?" Yes. Why, you would think if God put on one side of the balances suspended from the throne the Alps and the Pyrenees and the Himalayas and Mount Washington and all the cities of the earth they would crush it. No, no! The time will come when God will sit down on the white throne to see the world weighed, and on one side will be the world's opportunities and on the other side the world's sins. Down will go the sins and away will go the opportunities and God will say to the messengers with the torch: "Burn that world! Weighed and found wanting!"

So God will weigh churches. He takes a great church. That church, great according to the worldly estimate, must be weighed. He puts it on one side the balances and the minister and the choir and the building that cost its hundreds of thousands of dollars. He puts them on one side the balances. On the other side of the scale He puts what that church ought to be, what its consecration ought to be, what its sympathy for the poor ought to be, what its devotion to all good ought to be. That is on one side. That side comes down, and the church, not being able to stand the test, rises in the balances. It does not make any difference about your magnificent machinery. A church is built for one thing—to save souls. If it saves a few souls when it might save a multitude of souls, God will spew it out of His mouth. Weighed and found wanting!

So we perceive that God estimates nations. How many times He has put the Spanish monarchy into the scales and found it insufficient and condemned it! The French empire was placed on one side of the scales, and God weighed the French empire, and Napoleon said: "Have I not enlarged the boulevards? Did I not kindle the glories of the Champs Elysees? Have I not adorned the Tuileries? Have I not built the gilded opera house? Then God weighed the nation, and He put on one side the scales the emperor and the boulevards and the Tuileries and the Champs Elysees and the gilded opera house, and on the other side He puts that man's abominations, that man's libertinism, that man's selfishness, that man's godless ambition. This last came down, and all the brilliancy of the scene vanished. What is that voice coming up from Sedan? Weighed and found wanting!

People say there is a day of judgment coming. My friends, every day is a day of judgment, and you and I to-day are being canvassed, inspected, weighed. Here are the balances of the sanctuary. They are lifted, and we must all be weighed. Who will come and be weighed first. Here is a moralist who volunteers. He is one of the most upright men in the country. He comes. "Well, my brother, get in—get into the balances now and be weighed." But as he gets into the balances I say, "What is that bundle you have along with you?" "Oh," he says, "that is my reputation for goodness and kindness and charity and generosity and kindliness generally!" "Oh, my brother, we cannot weigh that! We are going to weigh you—you. Now stand in the scales—you, the moralist. Paid your debts?" "Yes," you say, "paid all my debts." "Have you acted in an upright way in the community?" "Yes, yes." "Have you been kind to the poor? Are you faithful in a thousand relations in life?" "Yes." "So far, so good. But now, before you get out of this scale I want to ask you two or three questions. Have your thoughts always been right?" "No," you say; "no." Put down one mark. "Have you loved the Lord with all your heart and soul and mind and strength?" "No," you say. Make another mark. "Come now, be frank and confess that in 10,000 things you have come short, have you not?" "Yes." Make 10,000 marks. Come now, get me a book large enough to make the record of the moralist's deficits. My brother, stand in the scales, do not fly away from them. I put on your side the scales all the good deeds you ever did, all the kind words you ever uttered. But on the other side the scales I put this weight which God says I must put there—on the other side the scales and opposite to yours I put this weight, "By the deeds of the law shall no flesh living be justified." Weighed and found wanting!

Still, the balances of the sanctuary are suspended and we are ready to weigh any who come. Who shall be the next. Well, here is a formalist. He comes and he gets into the balances, and as he gets in I see that all his religion is in genuflection and in outward observances. As he gets into the scales I say, "What is that you have in this pocket?" "Oh!" he says, "that is a Westminster assembly catechism." I say: "Very good. What have you in the other pocket?" "Oh!,' he says, "that is the Heidelberg catechism." "Very good. What is that you have under your arm, standing in this balance of the sanctuary?" "Oh!" he says, "that is a church record." "Very good. What are those books on your side the balances?" "Oh!" he says, "those are 'Calvin's Institutes.'" "My brother, we are not weighing books, we are weighing you. It cannot be that you are depending for your salvation upon your orthodoxy. Do you not know that the creeds and the forms of religion are merely the scaffolding for the building? You certainly are not going to mistake the scaffolding for the temple. Do you not know that men have gone to perdition with a catechism in their pocket?" "But," says the man, "I cross myself often." "Ah! that will not save you." "But," says the man, "I am sympathetic for the poor." "That will not save you." Says the man, "I sat at the communion table." "That will not save you." "But," says the man, "I have had my name on the church record." "That will not save you." "But I have been a professor of religion forty years." "That will not save you. Stand there on your side the balances, and I will give you the advantage—I will let you have all the creeds, all the church records, all the Christian conventions that were ever held, all the communion tables that were ever built, on your side the balances. On the other side the balances I must put what God says I must put there. I put this 1,000,000 pound weight on the other side the balances, 'Having the form of godliness, but denying the power thereof.'" Weighed and found wanting!

Still the balances are suspended. Are there any others who would like to be weighed or who will be weighed? Yes; here comes a worldling. He gets into the scales. I can very easily see what his whole life is made up of. Stocks, dividends, percentages, "buyer ten days," "buyer thirty days." "Get in my friend, get into these balances and be weighed—weighed for this life and weighed for the life to come." He gets in. I find that the two great questions in his life are, "How cheaply can I buy these goods?" and "How dearly can I sell them?" I find he admires heaven because it is a land of gold, and money must be "easy." I find, from talking with him, that religion and the Sabbath are an interruption, a vulgar interruption, and he hopes on the way to church to drum up a new customer! All the week he has been weighing fruits, weighing meats, weighing ice, weighing coals, weighing confections, weighing worldly and perishable commodities, not realizing the fact that He himself has been weighed. "On your side the balances, O worldly! I will give you full advantage. I put on your side all the banking houses, all the storehouses, all the cargoes, all the insurance companies, all the factories, all the silver, all the gold, all the money vaults, all the safe deposits—all on your side. But it does not add one ounce, for at the very moment we are congratulating you on your fine house and upon your princely income God and the angels are writing in regard to your soul: 'Weighed and found wanting!'"

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 28.

Subject: "Christ Before Pilate," John xviii., 28-40—Golden Text: "I Find No Fault in Him," John xix., 4—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

28. "Then led they Jesus from Caiaphas." Where the Sanhedrim, under his leadership, had condemned Jesus to death on the charge of blasphemy. But as they were forbidden by Roman law to put any one to death, they could not accomplish their purpose without the aid of the Roman authorities. Therefore they brought their prisoner to Pilate's hall of judgment. Pilate we know as one of the most unjust, violent, cruel, and dangerous of scourges, one who was truly what his name signified, the slaying 'Javelin' of the unhappy nation.

29. "Pilate then went out unto them." From the judgment hall, into the open court, where was an elevated tessellated pavement; and as was the custom, the chair of state was brought out for him to sit upon as judge. "What accusation bring ye against this man?" Dr. Deems emphasizes this question thus, "What accusation do you bring against Him?" It was He that had reason for accusing them. They were the guilty party.

30. "If He were not a malefactor (evildoer), we would not have delivered Him up unto thee." They knew they had no good charge that would stand under the Roman law, and therefore they wanted Him to take their word for it that He was worthy of death, and order the execution. They took the position that they were the judges, and Pilate had only to execute their will.

31. "Take ye Him, and judge Him according to your law." And of course limit the punishment to what you can inflict. They had to accuse Him of political crime to secure even ordinary attention at the hands of the Roman governor. "It is not lawful for us to put any man to death." Thus they showed their true colors. They wanted not justice, but the death of Jesus.

32. "That the saying of Jesus" (John 12: 32; Matt. 20: 19). The Jews, in their very efforts to destroy Jesus, were fulfilling His own prophecy. The accusation they brought was threefold, involving the charge of treason, the greatest crime known to Roman law. (1) Seditious agitation; (2) prohibition of the payment of the tribute money; and (3) the assumption of the suspicious title of 'King of the Jews' (Luke 23: 2). Of these (1) and (2) were notoriously false, but were inferences wrongly drawn from His teaching. The third (3) was wholly untrue in the sense they meant Pilate to understand it.

33. "Then Pilate," taking up the charge which might be construed as treason, goes back to his throne in the hall, and called (summoned) Jesus. The Jews of course were not present, as they refused to enter the hall, "Said unto Him, art Thou the King of the Jews?" as these Jews accuse you of claiming.

34. "Sayest thou this thing of thyself, or," etc.; i. e., do you ask this question from the standpoint of a Roman, referring to secular dominion, and the setting up of an opposition kingdom which would be treason, or from the standpoint of the Jewish Messianic hopes and prophecies, rightly understood.

35. "Pilate answered (perhaps a little nettled), Am I a Jew?" What do I know of Your hopes and prophecies? "Thine own nation and the chief priests have delivered Thee." Those over whom You claim to be King repudiate You. "What hast Thou done?" Explain the whole affair clearly to me, what have You done to arouse such enmity?

36. "My kingdom." Jesus implies that He is really a King. "Is not of this world." Its source and character are unlike those of any earthly kingdom. He had made no claim to civil authority (Dr. Hovey), and had no rivalry with Rome. "If My Kingdom were of this world, then would My servants fight." Therefore it cannot, as I have said, be of this world. This was a simple appeal to facts. His disciples were not organized to defend Him, but only as a school to learn the truth.

37. "Art Thou a King then?" Do You, a poor, helpless Jew, without friends—do You claim to be a King? "Thou sayest." Your statement is true. I am a King. "To this end," for this very purpose, to be King, "was I born." "For this cause came I into the world." Claiming preexistence. God had sent Him, His Son, into the world for this purpose. It was the plan of God. He was a King of far nobler lineage than Pilate or Caiaphas. "That I should bear witness unto the truth." This was equivalent to His reigning as King, for it was the way He established and carried on His Kingdom. The strength of Cæsar's empire is over the bodies of men, this is over their hearts. "Every one that is of the truth heareth My voice." To be of the truth is to draw one's inspiration from it, just as to be of God is to be controlled by influences coming from Him.

38. "Pilate saith unto Him, what is truth?" And turned on his heel and did not wait for an answer. "He went out again to the Jews." And rendered his verdict, "I find in Him no fault," or crime. Hearing Galilee mentioned as a part of the country where Jesus had stirred up people, Pilate next attempts to escape from his perplexity by delivering Jesus up to Herod. Herod and his men of war mock His claims to be king, and array Him in royal robes, and send Him back to Pilate. Pilate again summons the chief priests and elders, and tells them that Herod agrees with his decision that Jesus has done nothing worthy of death. He still is afraid to release Him. The people loudly call upon him to release the accustomed prisoner.

39. "Ye have a custom, that I should release unto you one at the passover." A custom befitting the nature of the feast. "Will ye therefore." The choice lay with them.

40. "Then cried they all again." At the instigation of the rulers (Mark 15: 11). "Not this man, but Barabbas....a robber" and a murderer (Luke 23: 19). Matthew says he was a celebrated prisoner. At this juncture messengers came from Pilate's wife declaring her dream, and entreating him not to condemn Jesus (Matt. 27: 19). Thus Pilate was moved to do right. Pilate took water, and washed his hands publicly before the people, thus expressing in symbol what he uttered in words: "I am innocent of the blood of this just person; see ye to it." But this action and these words in no degree removed the responsibility and the guilt from Pilate's soul. The soldiers then in jest dressed Jesus in a robe, representing the purple robe worn by kings. They put on Him a crown of thorns. They put a rod in His hand for a sceptre. They smote Him, mocked Him in every insulting way. Pilate once more appeals to the pity of the Jews by bringing Jesus out before them and saying: "Ecce Homo, Behold the Man." At length Pilate yields to the clamors of the Jews, when they declare practically that they will accuse Pilate to Cæsar as an enemy if he spares a traitor. Pilate, therefore, delivered up Jesus to be crucified.

Leper Settlement in Porto Rico.

A leper settlement has been established in Porto Rico on an island named Luis Pena.

HOSTILITY TO AMERICANS.

Consulate at Manaos Stoned and Coat-of-Arms Torn Down.

No Apparent Reason For the Action—The Wilmington's Visit—Her Voyage to Iquitos, Peru.

MANAOS, Upper Amazon, Brazil (By Cable).—The United States Consulate here has been stoned by a mob and the consular coat of arms torn down and destroyed. The office of the Amazon Steamship Company, an English concern, was also attacked. Fortunately the Consul and the English agent were both absent at the time, and thus escaped bodily injury at the hands of the rioters.

In March last the United States gunboat Wilmington was sent by the United States Government to Brazil on a mission to cultivate friendly political and commercial relations, to ascend the Amazon as far as she could go and to explore the region above Manaos.

It was understood the United States Government had made all necessary arrangements with the Brazilian Government in order that the commanding officer of the Wilmington might carry out his orders. Official dinners and other entertainments were given in honor of the officers of the Wilmington and cordial speeches of friendship were made upon these occasions.

The captain and officers of the Wilmington did everything incumbent upon them in a social and official way to carry out their mission. The Americans heard of no other difficulty than that of procuring coal and pilots. Finally, procuring both, the Wilmington left for Iquitos, Peru. No excitement was noticed until a few days after the Wilmington had departed, when the mob formed, marched to the American Consulate and committed its outrages.

The people and officials of Iquitos were immensely pleased and complimented by the visit of the American man-of-war. The officers were feted at official and private receptions. But Iquitos is in Peru and not Brazil.

Manaos, with a population of 60,000 persons, is beautifully located on the Rio Negro, ten miles above its junction with the Amazon. It taps the richest rubber district in the world. Extensive and costly improvements are being made to beautify the city, such as paving the streets, installing large electric plants for the light and street railway systems, and the new water works, in all of which American engineering, capital and machinery are largely employed.

COUNTERFEITING GANG INDICTED.

Bills Found Against Ingham and Newitt and Their Alleged Accomplices.

PHILADELPHIA (Special).—The United States Grand Jury found true bills against all the men who were arrested in connection with the counterfeit silver certificates and the counterfeit revenue stamps. There are three indictments against Ellery P. Ingham, former United States District Attorney, and his assistant, Harvey K. Newitt. In the first bill Ingham and Newitt were charged with conspiracy with Jacobs and Kendig to commit an offence against the United States Government. Five of the eight counts of this bill charge conspiracy to bribe an operative of the Secret Service; two, conspiracy to defraud the United States, and one, conspiracy to utter as true forged revenue stamps. The second indictment charges aiding and abetting Jacobs and Kendig in counterfeiting, and the third charges bribery of William J. McManus, a Secret Service operative. James Burns was indicted for aiding and abetting Kendig in forging revenue stamps. B. S. Bredell and Arthur Taylor were indicted for engraving plates for the James Monroe head $100 note and for engraving the revenue stamps. Samuel B. Downey was indicted for accepting a bribe as a United States officer, and W. L. Kendig and W. H. Jacobs were indicted for making plates and counterfeit notes and revenue stamps.

PLOT AGAINST THE BOERS.

Eight Europeans Arrested at Johannesburg For High Treason.

PRETORIA, Transvaal Republic (By Cable). The names of the men arrested in Johannesburg, charged with high treason in enlisting men for the purpose of rebellion, are officially given as Colonel Nichols, Captain Patterson, Lieutenants Tremlett, Ellis and Allen, Quartermaster Mitchell and Sergeants Fries and Hooper.

The arrests were made in Johannesburg practically simultaneously, and the prisoners were brought here on a special train before the Outlander residents were aware of what had happened.

The Transvaal executive officers have held a secret session to consider the matter. It is understood that they discussed the treatment to be accorded the prisoners, who, if convicted of treason, are liable to be punished with death. It has been ascertained that none of the prisoners is an employe of the British South African Company, of which Cecil Rhodes is the head and front.

WATSON OFF FOR MANILA.

He Has Sailed on the City of Pekin to Relieve Admiral Dewey.

SAN FRANCISCO (Special).—Rear-Admiral J. C. Watson, who will succeed Admiral Dewey in command of the Asiatic squadron, has sailed for Manila, via Hong Kong, on the City of Pekin. About an hour before the steamer sailed a small crowd assembled on the dock to bid the Rear-Admiral farewell. He ran down the gangplank as gayly as a lieutenant of twenty-five. He shook hands with several men, but on the cheeks of half a dozen pretty girls he impressed kisses that would have made Hobson tremble for his laurels had he been present. Admiral Watson was accompanied by his staff and five mechanics from Mare Island bound for Manila.

Great Storm Off Honduras.

The steamship Foxhall arrived at New Orleans, a few days ago, and reported a great storm off the Honduras coast. The yacht Mystic was wrecked with eight American passengers. They reached shore, but were almost starved. One of them died afterward of starvation. Several other wrecks were reported with a serious loss of life among the natives.

General Henry Arrives Home.

The United States transport McPherson arrived a few days ago at the Port of New York from Ponce, having on board General Guy V. Henry, former Military Governor of Porto Rico.

WHOLE CITY ON A STRIKE

Residents of Wheeling, W. Va., Refuse to Ride on the Street Cars.

RECEIPTS $100 IN FIVE WEEKS.

Populace, Including Business Men, Support the Strikers, Who Want Their Pay Increased—Non-Union Men and United States Officials the Only Patrons of the Car Companies.

WHEELING, W. Va. (Special).—When a stranger gets off the train here he is met outside the railroad station by a committeeman of the striking trolley employes, who offers to pin on his coat the button which the whole city seems to have adopted as its motto. The legend on the button is:

I'LL WALK.

The total receipts of the Wheeling street railway lines have been less than $100 for the past five weeks. The cars run regularly, but carry scarcely any one except the non-union motorman and conductor and the two United States deputy marshals. It is estimated that five passengers ride daily on the cars.

The strikers demand twenty cents an hour for nine hours' work, which the companies refuse to grant. In 1893 the Wheeling Railway Company was paying twenty cents an hour to its men. Then they were cut to 17½ cents, and dull times was given as the reason for the reduction, which, it was promised, was to be temporary only. In 1896, instead of a restoration to the old rates, the men were further cut to sixteen cents an hour, and this spring, when wages advanced in other lines, the trolley employes began to organize. The management discharged every man who became active in the movement to form a union, but the organization was formed finally, and the demand for twenty cents an hour was made upon the Wheeling line and the Wheeling and Elm Grove Suburban line.

There was much disorder at the beginning of the strike. The cars were stoned and women surrounded them and dragged the non-union men from the platforms. The Chief of Police refused to man the cars with officers, and then Judge Jackson came to the company's rescue. The line carries mail, and he issued sweeping instructions and swore in an army of deputy marshals, besides delivering a scathing lecture from the bench to the people of the city for sympathizing with the strikers.

PEACE CONFERENCE OPENS.

The Preliminary Exercises of Delegates at the Hague.

THE HAGUE (By Cable).—The Peace Conference called by the Czar of Russia was opened a few days ago in the "House in the Woods," two miles from The Hague.

M. DE STAAL.
(President of the Peace Conference at The Hague.)

M. de Beaufort, President of the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Government of the Netherlands, delivered the opening address and welcomed the delegates. M. de Staal, the Russian Ambassador to Great Britain, and head of the Russian delegation, informally assumed the Presidency of the Conference.

After the appointment of nine Secretaries, M. de Staal's proposal that the sessions be secret was adopted.

QUEEN'S PUBLIC FAREWELL.

Ceremonies at the Victoria and Albert Museum in London.

LONDON (By Cable).—Queen Victoria laid the foundation-stone of the Victoria and Albert Museum a few days ago. The event is her last public appearance. She drove through the streets lined with troops from Buckingham Palace, the royal carriage being escorted by a detachment of the Life Guards. Her Majesty was accompanied by several Princes and Princesses, and other royal personages met her at the museum, where a raised dias was reserved for them. The Ambassadors, members of the Cabinet and the leading State officials occupied a pavilion. Crowds of people gathered along the route from early morning, and an enormous number had gathered at the time the Queen started from the palace. The houses along the route were decorated, and there were strings of flags across the roads.

Her Majesty looked remarkably well. She was dressed in black, except for a white plume in her bonnet. She took the greatest interest in the mechanical part of the stone-laying, talking with the Prince of Wales on the subject,

OTIS REFUSES THE TERMS.

Request of the Filipinos For an Armistice Again Denied.

MANILA (By Cable).—Two military and two civil Filipino Commissioners, appointed to co-operate with three citizens of Manila in negotiating terms of peace, arrived here a few days ago.

They submitted no new proposition, but wanted an armistice pending the session of the Filipino Congress. Major-General Otis refused to entertain the proposal.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning May 28—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—Established in heart.—Ps. cxii, 1-10; Rom. 1, 11, 12.

To be established in heart, according to the psalmist, is to trust in God rather than in self. The blessedness of heart establishment is apparent. The psalmist declares that the righteous shall not be afraid of evil tidings because "his heart is fixed, trusting in the Lord. His heart is established. He shall not be afraid." Fearlessness is a characteristic of one who has his heart established. He fears neither evil tidings nor his enemies, knowing that the destiny of his life is in the hand of God. God keeps those in perfect peace whose mind is staid on Him.

The need of the establishment of the heart in God lies in the fact of the treacherousness of the human heart and of its tremendous influence on the life. The heart is deceitful above all things and desperately wicked. It is naturally at enmity with God, and therefore before it can be trusted it must be changed by the power of God, by faith and trust in God. Furthermore, as a man is in his heart, in his inward [illegible] he. "Out of the abundance of the heart [illegible] mouth speaketh." The heart not only directs the speech, but also the life. A pure heart makes a pure life; an impure heart makes an impure life. How necessary and important, therefore, that the heart should be right; that it should be divinely established; be filled with love to God and directed and controlled by the will of God.

An established heart is not conformed to this world. It is not fashioned after worldly patterns, but is transformed. The heart is changed, and it is arraigned against sinful worldliness rather than being conformed to it. This transformation in the human heart is accomplished only by the power of the Holy Ghost. "Be not conformed to this world," says the apostle, "but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind."

This renewal of the mind, which is equivalent to the changing of the heart, is the work of the Holy Ghost. It is the regeneration of the soul, of which Christ speaks to Nicodemus.

Amid the trials, tribulations, evil bodings, oppositions of life, let us keep our minds and hearts established in God. Then we need fear no evil, "though the earth be removed and the mountains be carried into the midst of the sea."

Bible Readings.—Gen. vi, 5-7; I Sam. x, 1-9; xvi, 7; I Kings iii, 5-14; iv, 29; Ps. xxviii, 7; xlvi, 1-5; cxix, 11, 80; cxxxix, 23, 24; Prov. iv, 23-27; xxiii, 7; Jer. xvii, 9, 10; Ezek. xviii, 31, 32; Luke x, 25-27; Rom. x, 10; Heb. xiii, 9; I Pet. iii, 15.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning May 28, "Established In Heart"—Text, Rom. 1, 11-12; Ps. cxii, 1-10.

"His heart is fixed, trusting in the Lord."

Doubt gives the death stroke to all resolution. Confidence alone is strong. He that hesitates is lost for any enterprise. Conviction, assurance, firm faith and trust—these drive the wheels of progress. What one believes firmly he is apt to regard with feelings intense in proportion to his trust. Things once settled definitely do not often allow of much after debate. The mind has come to clear ideas, the heart is fixed, and the course of action decided upon—then how much easier it is for one to live!

Distressing doubts find no place for entrance; vacillation is banished, strength of purpose and joyousness of soul grow, because the course is clear and consistent.

Most of the discontent of life, the unhappiness and misery, would be banished if only each person would settle for himself once and forever his belief in God and purpose to serve Him obediently. It would require will power and submission, but it would give liberty and contentment. It would change sighs into songs and weariness into restfulness.

The expressions of supreme and unquestioning trust in God heard from aged saints often sound strange to half hearted disciples, but they are true to fact and should be natural to all followers of Christ. If He is the Saviour, trust Him fully, obey Him absolutely, love Him devotedly.

Many wish they might have more love for Christ, but never use the means of increasing the love they do have. Serve Him diligently, and love will increase. Trust His word, and faith will grow. Rest in His promises, and the heart will be fixed.

Trust In God.

O Lord, how happy should we be
If we could cast our care on Thee;
If we from self could rest
And feel at heart that One above
In perfect wisdom, perfect love,
Is working for the best!

Could we but kneel and cast our load,
E'en while we pray, upon our God,
Then rise with lightened cheer,
Sure that our Father, who is nigh
To hear the ravens when they cry,
Will His own children hear?

Lord, make these faithless hearts of ours
Such lessons learn from birds and flowers;
Make them from self to cease;
Leave all things to a Father's will
And, on His mercy leaning still,
Find the eternal peace.

—Joseph Anstice.

JUST AS WE EXPECTED

OUR MAY SALE IS TAKING A POSITION SIMILAR TO OUR PAST SUCCESSFUL SALES.

We felt satisfied that it couldn't be otherwise. We knew we had a good thing to talk about and lost no time in apprising the public of the fact. How much better is it to buy seasonable clothing now at the usual after season price than to wait until the season is ended. That's what our patrons are doing to-day—supplying themselves with spring garments at such prices as competion will endeavor to copy about one or two months later. But why wait? Why take chances with broken lots and discarded patterns later on? The new, the desirable, the latest spring style fabrics, fashionably tailored, are here for their choosing; then why should they defer buying?

THE ELOQUENCE OF THESE PRICES

can be more fully appreciated when you examine [illegible] of the offerings.

Money Savers for Men.

Men's Suits of strictly all wool plaid mixtures, suitable for business, spring style fabrics and latest cut—usual $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00 values in some stores—here at $4.50.

Men's Business or Second Best Suits, strictly all wool spring weight materials, neat and desirable patterns—worthy competitors of some $10.00, $12.00 and $13.50 grades—here $6.85.

Men's Dress Suits, equal to the $20.00 made-to-order kinds, strictly all wool materials, tailored and trimmed in latest fashion, magnificent value at $10.00.

Men's Dress Trousers, strictly all wool Cassimeres, Worsteds and Cheviots, Stripes and Checks, new, nobby spring patterns intended to retail at $3.50 and $4.00. Sale price $2.00.

Money Savers for Boys.

Boys' Long Trouser Suits, sizes 14 to 19 years, made of strictly all wool materials, latest spring fashions, usual $6.50 to $13.50 qualities—here at $9.00, $6.50 and $4.50.

Children's Vestee Suits, sizes 3 to 9, strictly all wool spring style materials, nicely made and handsomely trimmed, sold in most stores at $3.50 to $4.50, are here at $2.48.

Children's Double-Breasted Suits, sizes 8 to 16, made in latest spring style, all wool material, usual $3.50 to $4.50 qualities, are here at $2.48.

Boys' Knee Breeches, all sizes, the durable kinds, with all seams taped, considered good values in some stores at 75 cents, are here at 50 cents.

Boys' Knee Breeches in Black and Blue Cheviots, also light and medium colors, actually worth 40 cents, are here during this sale at 25 cents.

Straw Hats.

Men's Straw Hats, latest fashion, 25c. to $2.00.

Boys' Straw Hats, newest shapes, with plain or fancy bands, 25c. to 75c.

Crash Hats for men, 23c.

Light Weight Caps for men, boys or children, the very newest styles, just received, 25c. and 50c.

Neckwear.

The nobbiest styles in Four-in-Hands, Puffs, Ascots, Bows and String Ties, at 25c. and 50c.

String ties, the washable kinds, from 10c. a dozen to 25c. apiece.

Underwear

in light and medium weight, in plain or fancy colors, a very large assortment to select from, range in price from 25c. to $1 a garment.

Soft Shirts.

The swellest styles of the season in Madras also silk bosoms at 75c and $1.00.

Manhattan shirts in the newest stripes and colors. We are the exclusive agents for them

Soft shirts with two separate collars, also with white neck band and separate link cuffs in new patterns, just received, 50c.

Don't Wait for Any Further Invitation

You who are in need of any wearing apparel come to this store, and if your purchase is not satisfactory, bring it back and have your money refunded.

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HUGO MAYER, Manager,

Cor. 4th and Penn Streets, - - HUNTINGDON, PA.

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Oysters delivered to any part of town in any style or quantity.

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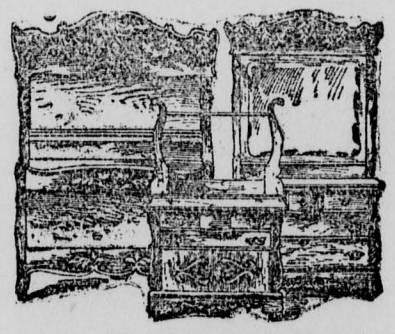
Builders' Supply and Furnishing Store.



Having recently opened up a stock of the above kinds of goods we respectfully invite the patronage of the public.

We can supply you with everything necessary to build and furnish a house, and at prices so low they will astonish you.

In addition to the above we keep a full line of the choicest confectionaries.

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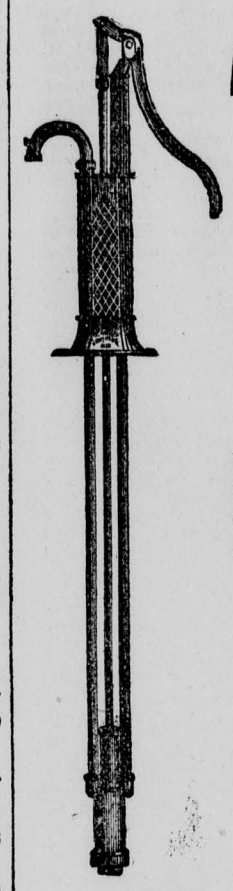

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! ! Pumps ! !

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☞ See the IVANHOE in window opposite O'Connors' store. This wheel is equipped with "Royal" single tube tires, fully guaranteed for season of '99, and is an exceptional bargain.

The IVANHOE SPECIAL, second only to the Waverley, is a neat, attractive machine, beautifully striped and decorated. Various options.

THE WAVERLEY, "Old Reliable," durable, neat and attractive, is the best production of the Indiana Bicycle Co. The options on the Waverley are many.

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